

**HONEST
WEIGHT**

NO question about *honest weight* in this butcher shop. We give you your money's worth. Our *business reputation* is worth a lot to us, and you can be positive of getting *full weight*. You also get *high quality* and *low price*. Ask our *pleased customers*.

F. H. Milks **Milk's Market** Phone No. 2

Pure Ice Cream is a Perfect Food and makes an ideal Dessert or Refreshment. Always demand

Connor's World's Best Ice Cream

Sold exclusively by O. Sorenson & Son

An Ounce of Preventive is Worth a Ton of Cure.

It is said that the sword of Damocles was suspended above the head of that tyrant with but a single thread.

Every man, woman and child ought to think well of the lesson taught by this example.

The fire demon is the sword of destruction that ever hangs above the heads of the people. If you knew that by the mere snipping of a thread all that you had saved would be wiped



out, wouldn't you ever be on the alert to see that the thread was not snipped?

More property is destroyed by fire than by all other destroying elements combined.

Storms come with the seasons, and warning of their coming is generally given. Winds reach a destructive velocity at but rare intervals and floods follow expected courses.

But fires are catholic in their field. They visit the just and the unjust and everywhere there is food for the fire demon he finds his victims.

Be on the watch tower of your own home all the time. He fattens on your own folly. You can prevent his paying you a visit if you but will.

And last but not least insure your property with one of the reliable agencies in your city.

S. W. INGGLISH.

PEOPLE APPROVE SCHOOL BONDING

BOARD AUTHORIZED TO PURCHASE ADJOINING LOTS.

Election Monday Ratifies School Board Proposals.

The election Monday approved both propositions offered by Grayling school district No. 1, by good, large majorities, the bonding issue passing by 119 votes to 7; and the issue authorizing the Board of Education to purchase the lots contained in the block whereon the new school house will be located passed by 106 to 20.

All together there were 128 ballots cast, 13 of these being by ladies. The polls were opened at about nine o'clock a. m. and closed at five o'clock p. m.

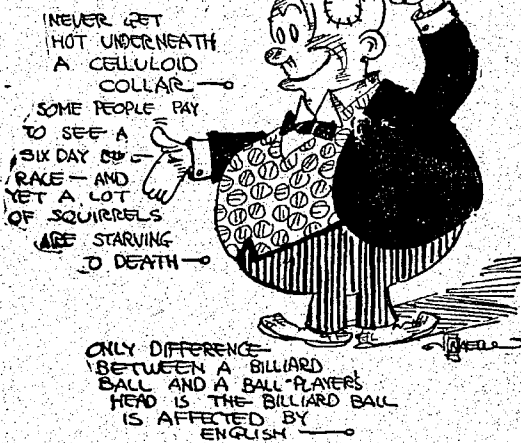
Council Proceedings.

A regular meeting of the common council of the village of Grayling convened at the court house April 5, 1915. Meeting called to order by H. Petersen, president. Trustees present—Taylor, Jorgenson, Cook, Canfield and McCullough. Absent—Herrick. Minutes of last regular and special meetings read and approved. Report of committee on finance, claims and accounts read, to wit:

To the president and Common Council: Your committee on finance, claims and accounts respectfully recommend that the following bills be allowed as charged:

Julius Nielsen, pay roll ending March 31.....	\$ 9.69
A. B. Failing, checking abstracts 1914 and 1915.....	16.00
O. P. Schumann, printing.....	9.00
Grayling Electric Co., February service.....	124.00

RABID RUDOLPH SAYS—



a two hour recess being taken for dinner.

During the time the polls were open, architectural plans of the new building were on exhibition and created much interest.

The voting of these bonds gives the board the power to make arrangements for their sale. The vote on the purchase of the lots will, according to Monday's vote, give the School board the authority to purchase them if they so desire. The sentiment in favor of purchasing the lots seems to be very strong, while others feel that the district should not spend more money than absolutely necessary. The board has an option on the four lots in question for \$4,600.

Architect Jens Petersen of Traverse City, was present on election day and was pretty busy explaining the architectural drawings. The question that is agitating the people most at present is regarding the location of the building on the block. Some want it to face west and some east, while still others want it to face north or south. According to the dimensions of the building, the latter ways would only allow 30 feet of land at each side of the structure. Should it face west it would face a block containing the town hall sheds, Bauman's and Michelson's barns. Mr. Bauman says that he intends to remove his barn and build two houses on these lots, and it is believed that the township will ultimately remove their unsightly sheds.

The streets in Grayling do not run parallel north and south but on an angle of about 45 degrees, and it has been suggested that the building be placed due north and south, which would make it on an angle with the block and ridiculously awkward. This latter idea can hardly be taken seriously. All kinds of ideas may be heard on the streets but the fact remains that the final decision will be made by the members of the Board, and that their ideas will be for the best interests of our schools we firmly believe.

Militia Will Lose Maj. Vandercook
Major Roy C. Vandercook, commander of the national guard artillery battalion and well known as a newspaper man, has resigned as adjutant-general of the state to enter the service of the Pere Marquette railroad, effective April 12.

It is understood that Major M. J. Phillips of Owosso, member of the military board and inspector of small arms practice, will be selected to succeed Vandercook as adjutant-general. Mr. Vandercook will serve as a sort of better service agent with the aim of creating a closer and more advantageous relation between the carrier and the public.

Major Vandercook has served the state as adjutant-general nearly four years. He is known as a keen student of governmental affairs and is a veteran of the Spanish-American war.

Major Phillips, who may succeed Major Vandercook is well known in Grayling and a son-in-law of Mrs. Charles Robinson.

J. S. Harrington, express and postage.....	1.86
W. JORGENSEN,	
A. TAYLOR,	
C. A. CANFIELD,	
Committee.	

Moved by Jorgenson and supported by McCullough that the report be accepted. Motion carried. Report of committee on salaries read, to wit:

To the president and members of the common council: We, the undersigned committee on salaries, recommend that the following salaries be paid:	
Village marshal.....	\$35.00 per month
Street commissioner, for actual labor performed.....	\$2.25 per day
Health officer.....	\$75.00 per year
Chief of fire department.....	\$35.00 per year
Fire warden.....	\$30.00 per year
Care of fire alarms.....	\$50.00 per year
Street labor, not to exceed.....	\$3.00 a day
Team labor.....	\$4.50 a day
Clerk.....	\$80.00 a year
Assessor.....	\$50.00 a year
Treasurer.....	\$25.00 a year

W. JORGENSEN,
Geo. McCULLOUGH,
J. H. COOK,
Committee.

Moved by Canfield and supported by Jorgenson that the report of the salary committee be accepted. Motion carried.

Following letter from H. Petersen read to wit:

Gentlemen of the Council:
I take great pleasure in bidding you a hearty welcome and earnestly hope that you will always be willing and ready to respond to our meeting calls. Considerable criticizing has been going on lately in regard to the condition of our streets, and I am sorry to admit that same certainly need our attention, and to accomplish something

(Continued on last page.)

Who Has Lived Here the Longest?

We would like to know who has lived longest in Crawford county. Write us a letter, if you are an old resident, and tell us some facts about your early days. We will publish the letters from the oldest residents. We wish to secure as many interesting facts as possible. The publication of one incident will remind other old-timers of other incidents, so let the letters come. To the person showing the longest continuous residence in the county, absence of less than one year, or service in the army or navy not counted against the pioneer, we will send The Avalanche free for the remainder of his or her life. To the second oldest pioneer we will send the paper for three years free and to the third, one year free.

A Convalescent
requires a food tonic that will rapidly build up wasted tissue

Rexall Olive Oil Emulsion
containing Hypophosphites
is a most reliable prescription which we always recommend for that purpose.
A. M. Lewis & Co.

Spring Announcement

DRESS GOODS

Our Dress Goods Line Contains

Printed Voile	Striped Voile
Kenwick Swiss	Dotted Mull
Splash Voile	Batiste
Organdie Raye	Flowered Crepes
Valaire Lace	Plain Poplins, all shades

In our White Goods Line we have

Crepe	Voile	Lace Cloth
Ratine	Rice Cloth	Flaxon
Organdie	Crepe de Chine	
Silk Poplins in all new shades		

LADIES' SILK HOSE

in all colors

SHOES and PUMPS

Every kind of Shoes and Pumps for ladies from the full Louis heel for women of extreme tastes, to the low heel, soft leather shoe for the most conservative women, with every imaginable in-between-style—that's what we can offer women for \$3.50.

Emil Kraus

GRAYLING'S LEADING
DRY GOODS STORE



The greatest economy of Ford cars is not in the low price but in the low after cost of operation—less than two cents a mile—in city and country. They are designed and built to serve and save; to bring the luxury of pleasure and the sturdiness in business work—this is why there are more than 700,000 now in use—this is what has made the Ford the universal car—these are the merits we present why you should buy a Ford

Buyers will share in profits if we sell at retail 300,000 new Ford cars between August 1914 and August 1915.

Runabout, \$440; Touring Car, \$490; Town Car, \$690; Coupelet, \$750; Sedan, \$975; f. o. b. Detroit with all equipment.

On display and sale at BURKE'S GARAGE, Frederic, agent for Crawford and Northern Roscommon Counties.

Performance

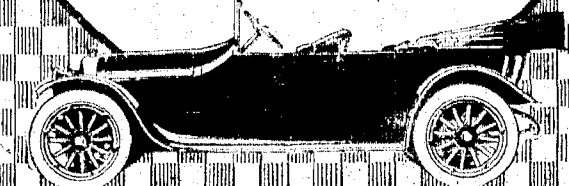
The actual worth of a motor car is in proportion to its performance under the most trying conditions; and this means hill climbing ability and the stamina necessary to negotiate the roughest roads. Apperson cars have sufficient power for any emergency.

Three sixes and a four—sixes at \$1485, \$1585 and \$2200; four at \$1350.

T. E. DOUGLAS

Agent for Crawford and Otsego Counties

Lovells, Mich.



Grayling Machinery Repair Co.

SUMMARY OF THE
WORLD'S EVENTSIMPORTANT NEWS BOILED DOWN
TO LAST ANALYSIS.

ARRANGED FOR BUSY READERS

Brief Notes Covering Happenings In
This Country and Abroad That
Are of Legitimate Interest to
All the People.

European War News

Last of Germany's sea raiders, the Kronprinz Wilhelm, scourge swept, her crew facing starvation, her bunkers empty, barred from New York harbor by the perpetual guard of British cruisers, sought sanctuary at Newport News, Va. The cruiser had been at sea 265 days, during which time she sank 14 merchantmen. The ships and cargoes were valued at \$7,000,000. It is believed the raider will return.

Heavy losses have been inflicted upon the French in the great battle raging on the River Meuse, according to the official statement from Berlin, which says that in two places 1,200 French dead were found on the field. Berlin claims to have repulsed French attacks.

Lord Kitchener of England has called on Canada for a second expeditionary force. The news was given parliament at Ottawa, Ont., by Premier Sir Robert Borden. Three months ago Kitchener was informed that the force was ready in Canada to board ships and sail for Europe.

The British steamer Harpalycce, the first relief boat of New York state and under charter of the commission for relief in Belgium, has either been torpedoed or sunk by a mine in the North sea. Twenty-six of the crew were drowned and twenty-seven were rescued.

Official reports given out in Paris declare the important position of Les Eparges, which dominates the plain of Woerwe, now is completely in the hands of the allies. Trenches here, it is reported, were "choked with German dead."

The German government, besides prohibiting exports from Germany to Italy, is stopping at the frontier stations all empty Italian freight cars bound homeward. Passenger trains arriving in Switzerland from Italy are crowded with German families, says a Geneva dispatch.

German troops again have established themselves upon the west bank of the Yser in West Flanders, driving the Belgians out of Dref Grachten.

The following notice appears in the London Gazette: "The admiralty notifies that it may be necessary to forbid entrance to certain ports of the empire. Vessels approaching these ports should watch for certain signals and approach with great caution as obstructions may exist."

The crest of the Carpathians for 73 miles has been captured by the Russian armies, according to an official statement issued by the general staff in Petrograd. Capture of 1,200 prisoners is also announced.

Vienna says the Russians are storming positions in the Carpathians without regard to loss of life and without any successes. Austria reports capturing 1,600 prisoners. Berlin tells of indecisive fighting in the Suwalki district.

Domestic

An attempt to wreck a Chesapeake & Ohio passenger train near East bank, W. Va., was frustrated by a boy, who flagged the train in time to prevent it from running into a pile of ties.

Cotton went up a dollar a bale in an active and excited market in the first hour of trading on Saturday at New York. Values soared to \$15 a bale more than the low prices of last December.

Work on three large submarines for the United States government will begin at the Seattle Construction and Drydock company's yard within thirty days. The boats will cost \$1,500,000.

Ellsworth G. Lancaster resigned as president of Olivet college at Olivet, Mich., his resignation to take effect July 1. Doctor Lancaster has been at the head of the institution for the last ten years. His successor has not been determined upon.

Miss Helen Field Gillette, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John W. Gillette, and Marcus D. Richards of Wyoming, son of Mr. and Mrs. John T. Richards of Chicago, were married at Hudson, N. Y. The bride is a grandniece of the late Marshall Field of Chicago.

Judge O'Connor at Chicago refused to quash the indictments against William Lorimer, and ordered that he must stand trial on the indictments that grew out of the failure of the La Salle Street Trust and Savings bank, of which Lorimer was president.

Burns and inhalation of gaseous fumes and the blasts from molten metal are held responsible for the deaths of three steel workers of the works of the Illinois Steel company at Gary, Ind.

The New York East conference of the Methodist Episcopal church adopted a resolution expressing its belief that "equal suffrage is in the logic of the democracy to which our nation is committed."

Two bills abolishing Denver's juvenile court and practically ousting Judge Ben B. Lindsey, its nation-wide famed child jurist, were passed on third reading in the senate at Denver, Colo., and go to Governor Carlson for his signature or veto.

An explosion believed by the police to have been caused by a bomb wrecked the seven-story cooling building of the Cudahy Packing company's plant at Kansas City, Mo., causing a loss estimated at \$150,000. Two men were injured.

Disgusted because Berrien county has gone dry and harassed by numerous lawsuits now ready for trial in the circuit court at Benton Harbor, Mich., "King" Benjamin in a public statement issued from the executive office of the House of David announced that he was ready to sell all his holdings and quit the community.

By leaping head first from the tenth story of the First National bank building at Milwaukee, Christopher Paulos, sixty-one, a member of the state assembly, committed suicide. Last January Paulos became involved in some financial difficulties. He was arrested, but the case was settled out of court.

The Rockefeller limousine with John D. Rockefeller as one of the occupants ran into and severely hurt George Edgar, twelve years old. Rockefeller sent the boy to a hospital and abandoned a trip to West Point. The accident occurred at Tarrytown, N. Y.

Despite the protest of labor leaders, the state senate of the New York legislature by a vote of 27 to 15 passed the Bowers-Thompson bill designed to increase the hours of labor for women and minors in canning establishments from 66 to 72 a week. The measure passed the assembly last week. It now goes to governor Whitman.

Washington

Secretary of the Interior Lane at Washington announced the selection of the Seward-Fairbanks route for the government railroad. At the same time he made public the fact that the government had purchased the property of the Alaska Northern Railway company for \$1,150,000 already constructed over the first stage of the journey from Seward.

The cabinet approved at Washington the Alaska railroad route as selected by Secretary of the Interior Lane and President Wilson.

The German government calls the attention of the state department at Washington to the fact that the allies daily are obtaining large shipments of arms and ammunition in the U. S., and declares American government, while insisting on its legal right to ship arms to belligerents, does not wish to equal energy pursue its right to ship foodstuffs to Germany. The note urges the spirit of neutrality should be observed.

While the action of Captain Thielrich in sinking the Frye is justified by the German government, Herr van Jagow, German minister for foreign affairs, in answer to the United States note presenting claim for loss of the Frye, tells the United States that the American owners of the ship and cargo will receive compensation.

In a speech before the Maryland annual conference of the Methodist Protestant church at Washington, President Wilson said it was his belief that no man was wise enough to pronounce judgment on the European war at this time.

Sporting

Bob Fitzsimmons, the former heavy-weight champion, married Miss Temo Zili at Washington. The bride's gift from the bridegroom was \$85,000 in jewels.

The Malone boxing bill passed the assembly of the New York legislature. The measure provides for the reorganization of the state boxing commission.

Jess Willard accepted at Jacksonville, Fla., the first challenge offered him for the world's championship, when he agreed to meet Frank Lyons, former champion of Florida, a year hence. Lyons asked for that length of time to prepare.

Foreign

Great demonstrations in favor of Italian intervention in the war led to serious disorders at Rome. Many were arrested.

Pope Benedict issued a decree at Rome for the recital of prayers for peace in Roman Catholic churches over the world during the month of May. The prayers were composed by the pope.

One thousand coal miners employed in Glamorgan, Wales, went on strike because of a dispute over wages.

The Argentine tango was absolutely banned in Paris by a decree of expulsion issued against five tango professors who had established themselves in the French capital and were organizing classes.

An attempt to assassinate the sultan was made at Cairo, Egypt, but failed. A young Egyptian fired at him.

Personal

After a long illness, Carl Busch, twenty-six years old, the youngest son of the late Adolphus Busch, the millionaire St. Louis brewer, died at Pasadena, Cal.

One of the news items given out by the Overseas agency at Berlin is as follows: "German papers and the public express deep sorrow at the death of Capt. Otto Weddigen of the submarine U-9 and U-29."

SENATOR VERDIER
MAKES DISCOVERYSTATE HAS NO LAW PROVIDING
FOR POPULAR ELECTION OF
U. S. SENATORS.

DRAFTS BILL FOR PURPOSE

Grand Rapids Solon Finds That
Through Oversight On Part of
Last Assembly Important Mat-
ter Has Been Neglected.

Lansing—Senator Leonard Verdier of Grand Rapids, chairman of the senate judiciary committee, made the startling discovery Saturday that there is no law on the statute books of Michigan for the election of a United States senator.

When William Alden Smith was re-elected in 1912, his nomination at the primary was ratified by the republican majority in the legislature. Since that time, the federal constitution has been changed so that United States senators are no longer chosen by the legislative bodies, but are elected in the same manner as governors and members of congress.

However, the last legislature failed to provide any machinery for the election of a United States senator in Michigan under the new order of things, and the oversight would probably not have been discovered had not Senator Verdier looked up the law in order to draft a substitute for the bill introduced by Senator Covert to provide for filling vacancies in the office of United States senator.

As Michigan will elect a United States senator next year, it would have called a special session to enact machinery for the election, had it not been for Senator Verdier's discovery. Verdier has drafted a bill making United States senators elected in the same manner as to the governor.

TECHNICAL POINT BEATS HIM

Escanaba's Hard Luck Candidate
Loses Victory Won at Polls.

Escanaba—Board of canvassers who have been recounting the vote cast for mayor at the election Monday with the counting of the last ballot Saturday decided to reject all ballots cast for Edward Smith, who ran on slips, with the exception of two and award the election to B. J. MacKillican.

This marks close of a hard luck campaign for Smith. In the primaries he was nominated on the republican ticket by two votes. In a recount Chaffetz, the present mayor, won out over him by five votes. B. J. MacKillican came out for the office on the non-partisan ticket and one day before election Smith announced that he would run on slips. He received the greatest number of votes but was counted out because of "distinguishing" marks on his slips. Attorneys for both candidates have fought for two days, but with the decision of the canvassers, Smith gives up.

With the two ballots that were counted, the name of Smith was written in and the slip not used.

COLLEGE PRESIDENT QUILTS

Head of Olivet for Ten Years Tenders
His Resignation.

Olivet—Ellsworth G. Lancaster, president of Olivet college for over 10 years, has tendered his resignation, to take effect July 1. Until that date Prof. Thomas W. Nadal will be acting president of the college, Prof. Lancaster working on endowment fund matters up to that time.

President Lancaster's successor will probably be named at the annual meeting of the trustees of the college, which will be held the latter part of June.

While no reason is given out for the president's resignation, it is believed that he is desirous of taking an extended rest from the arduous labors he has done for several years in building up Olivet college and its endowment fund.

AGED WOMAN FOUND GUILTY

Mrs. Caroline Becker Convicted of
Killing Mrs. Bomholt.

Detroit—At one o'clock Sunday afternoon the jury in the Becker trial returned a verdict of guilty in the first degree. This is the first conviction of a woman for murder in Wayne county in twenty years. The aged defendant showed little shock as she learned her fate. The crime for which she was tried was the murder of Mrs. Frances Bomholt, the victim, had been the friend and benefactress of Mrs. Becker. She was found murdered in her home and Mrs. Becker made a confession which she afterwards repudiated.

MICHIGAN NEWS ITEMS

The 2-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Jeremiah Kayler, of Port Huron, died Saturday as a result of being accidentally scalded in a tub of boiling water a few days previously.

The monthly report of State Treasurer Haarer shows a balance in the treasury of \$5,341,187.79, of which \$3,193,253.63 is in the general fund. There is \$2,068,883.69 already in the primary school fund with railroad taxes just beginning to come in.

The house committee on insurance Wednesday agreed that no action shall be taken this session on the bill to create an investigating commission to report to the 1917 legislature a plan for the state to engage in various kinds of insurance.

Robinson Dietz, the last Michigan survivor of the Mexican and civil wars, died, at the age of 95 years, at his home in Marion. Several weeks ago Dietz slipped on the ice and broke one of his hips and his death resulted from that accident.

MICHIGAN NEWS BRIEFS

The proposition to bond Sanilac county for \$80,000 for a new court house was carried Monday by 800 majority.

The two-year-old son of John Gotta of Calumet spilled a pail of boiling water on himself and suffered burns that caused his death.

Orville Eifarek, 11 years, of Menominee, was drowned in Menominee river Saturday when he fell from a raft. The body was not recovered.

Directors of the Northeastern Michigan Fair association at a meeting in Bay City Saturday afternoon voted to hold no fair this year because of lack of funds.

Adrian is now under the commission form of government, the change having been made Friday, when the new commissioners chosen Monday took office.

Ottawa county real estate valuations have been boosted more than \$5,000,000 to bring them up to the cash value basis required by the state tax commission.

Fred Schuurman, 69 years old, was killed by a West Genesee avenue street car in Saginaw Friday. Schuurman was partially blind and walked in front of the car.

Rev. J. W. Miller, aged 83 years, died at the home of his son Edward B. Miller, Friday. Mr. Miller was a Methodist minister in continuous service for nearly 67 years.

Fire, thought to have originated in the boiler room, damaged the Hillsdale creamery to the extent of \$5,000. The second story, which contained a large quantity of supplies, was destroyed.

As a result of the official canvass of the previous Monday's vote by the board of supervisors Monday afternoon the "wet" majority is placed at 41. The vote was, "wet," 2,349; "dry," 2,308.

An unknown Finlander was struck and killed by a South Shore train in the yards at Trout Lake near Sault Ste. Marie. It is thought the man attempted to steal a ride and misjudged distance in the heavy fog.

The proposition to bond Lapeer county for \$100,000 for improved highways was defeated by a majority of 1,000. The proponents of the measure are already making plans for laying it before the people at the next election.

After a canvass of the tie vote for justice of the peace at Jackson with out having dissolved the tie, Justice Claude Tarbox, present incumbent, asked for recount. He lost on the recount to Attorney Arthur W. Wiggins by four votes.

Further indication of the return of prosperity was the opening of the Colby iron mine at Bessemer, idle all winter. Three hundred men were put at work under ground and this number will be increased from time to time.

The board of state tax commissioners Monday sent out requests to the 37 counties in the state which are not now on a cash value basis to begin work of reassessment at once. In case the supervisors fail to obey, it is understood that the board will do it for them.

Alger county stays "dry" by two votes. The board of supervisors Monday canvassed last Monday's vote and decided that the "drys" had won by two votes instead of the one that unofficial reports had recorded. The "wets" have filed a petition for a recount in six precincts.

The proposition to bond the city of Escanaba for \$80,000 for a sewer system carried Monday. Ald. Edward Smith, running on slips for mayor, was given a plurality of 75, but because of the slips being illegal, B. J. MacKillican was declared elected by a plurality of 86. The election will probably be contested.

Blazing brands from the burning stock barn of the I. E. Ignitz & Sons' nursery ignited the steeple of historic St. Mary's Catholic church at Monroe, causing considerable damage. The barns, with those of William Hanson and Charles H. Ignitz, were destroyed. The total loss is \$4,000, partially covered by insurance.

Dr. J. H. Kellogg, of Battle Creek, member of the state health board, has given the organization his personal check for \$1,000 to assist in a fight against tuberculosis. Dr. Kellogg made the gift after proposing that the board start a campaign against the disease, the state legislature having failed to do much in the way of appropriations to help stamp out the white plague.

At the fourth sub-district high school oratorical contest at Hillsdale Harold Johnson, of Hillsdale, won first place in oratory, and Vera Baker, of Montgomery, first in the declamatory contest. Will Older, of Adrian, and Jack Cook, of Hillsdale, were second. The other contestants were: Don Chantney, of Jackson; John Dunn, of Adrian, and Wilbur Pluck, of Prattville.

Fred Baldwin has been appointed superintendent of Flint's water department, succeeding William L. Fisher, who has resigned after 20 years as head of the department.

The supreme court has admitted Mrs. Margaret Yale, of Pigeon, to the practice of law in Michigan. Mrs. Yale, who was formerly Miss Margaret Dickinson, is a graduate of the law department of the University of Michigan of the class of 1904. She is the first woman to be admitted to the bar by the supreme court in several years.

Gov. Forris will address the Michigan Pharmaceutical association at the third annual convention, to be held at Grand Rapids, June 9, 10 and 11. More than 1,000 state druggists are expected to attend.

The Adrian Daily Telegram, and until recently the Hillsdale Daily, purchased the Sterling Gazette, of Sterling, Ill., and took immediate possession. His two sons, George G. Grandon and Preston P. Grandon, will join him later in the summer, both still being connected with the Hillsdale paper.

ANOTHER RAIDER
AT NEWPORT NEWSKRONPRINZ WILHELM FOLLOWS
IN WAKE OF EITEL
FRIEDRICH.

HAS SUNK FOURTEEN SHIPS

German Converted Cruiser After
Thrilling Experiences Slips Past
Hostile Fleet Into American
Port Sunday.

Newport News, Va.—The German converted cruiser Kronprinz Wilhelm the elusive raider of commerce in the South Atlantic, slipped into this port Sunday and asked for fuel and provisions.

Many times reported destroyed, the former North German Lloyd liner had evaded hostile warships for eight months, while she sent 14 merchantmen to the bottom. Her officers said she was forced to steal her way past four allied cruisers off the Virginia Capes to reach this refuge.

"We got in without being seen by the enemy and we can get out the same way," declared her commander, Lieutenant Captain Paul Thierfelder, formerly navigating officer of the German cruiser Karlsruhe, in a statement Sunday.

When she dropped anchor, the Kronprinz Wilhelm had less than 25 tons of coal and scanty provisions for the crew of 500 men and 61 prisoners from British merchant ships sunk in the south Atlantic.

Of the 14 ships that the 15,000 ton cruiser sank, nine were British, four French and one Norwegian. The value of these ships and their cargoes, officers of the Wilhelm estimated at \$7,000,000.

When the Wilhelm arrived off Thimble shoals, after passing in the Virginia capes early Sunday, two United States submarines, the G-1 and D-2 met her. The appearance of the submarines created considerable surprise among the crew, but there was no demonstration as the little vessels conveyed the German raider to quarantine, where Dr. Maccafferty, United States quarantine officer, boarded her. Commander Thierfelder reported 66 of the crew and prisoners were ill with beriberi and requested that they be taken to a hospital.

The Wilhelm followed in the wake of the interned Prinz Eitel Friedrich, which arrived here a month ago, after thrilling and effective operations for the German arms.

RAIL ROUTE IS SELECTED

Government Road in Alaska Will Follow
the Seward-Fairbanks Route.

Washington—The Seward-Fairbanks route has been selected for the government railway in Alaska, Secretary Lane announced late Saturday. The property of the Alaska Northern Railway company from Seward over the first stage of the journey has been purchased for \$1,150,000.

The government system, the statement adds, will include a 38-mile branch to tap the Matanuska coal fields. W. C. Edeas is designated as chairman of the Alaskan engineering commission which will build the road by the president's order. The estimated cost of the entire system is given at \$26,800,000. Congress provided not to exceed \$35,000,000.

Hook Worm in Michigan Cattle.

East Lansing—The hook worm has made its way into Michigan, for in diagnosing the illness of a cattle herd in the southern part of Ingham county, M. A. C. bacteriologists found the animals to be infected with the parasite which has caused so much trouble in the south. Seven cows in the Ingham county herd succumbed to the infection, though the worms were aided in their work by a malarial disease. The hook worm cases were the first in cattle which have been reported in Michigan up to this time, though it is said the parasites have previously been found in certain Michigan sheep herds.

Member of Health Board Dead.

Lansing—Thomas A. Koon of Grand Rapids, member of state board of health, died Saturday at the home of a brother in Minneapolis, according to a telegram received here. Mr. Koon had been ill the past year and recently went to Minneapolis to visit his brother.

He was appointed member of the state board in 1911 by Gov. Osborn. His term expires January 31, 1917. Mr. Koon's death will necessitate an appointment by Governor Ferris to fill the vacancy.

Surveying of the right-of-way of the new Muskegon-Saginaw electric line will be begun soon.

John, 9-year-old son of Arthur Freese, is dead as the result of an injury received a week ago, when, in running across the Traverse City high school athletic grounds, he was struck on the temple by a 12-pound shot.

The M. A. C. "seed special," a car fitted out with exhibits designed to show farmers the value of "pure bred" seeds, started from St. Ignace Thursday for a tour of the upper peninsula. The men in charge will wage a campaign for better seeds for "Cloverland," as the upper peninsula has come to be called.

Dr. Abner W. Howlett, professor of medicine in the university at Ann Arbor, has been appointed visiting lecturer on medicine in the Harvard medical school, at Cambridge, Mass.

D. W. Grandon, former publisher of The Michigan State Association of Optometrists will give \$1,000 in equipment towards the establishment of a course in optometry at the University of Michigan. It is announced by Ernest Elmer, of Muskegon, secretary of the state board of examiners in optometry and also secretary of the State Optometrists' association.

MAYOR MUST SERVE SIX
YEARS IN LEAVENWORTH

DONN M. ROBERTS.

Indianapolis, Ind.—Mayor Donn M. Roberts, one of the 27 men convicted by a jury in federal court for participation in the conspiracy to defraud the government in the election in Terre Haute on November 3, 1914, was sentenced by Judge Anderson Monday to six years in Leavenworth prison and to pay a fine of \$2,000.

In all, 116 men, 89 of whom had pleaded guilty, were sentenced.

Ell H. Redman, elected judge of the circuit court of Vigo county by 10 votes, and Sheriff Dennis Shea, were sentenced to five years in the penitentiary and fined \$1,000 each.

Harry S. Montgomery, president of the board of public works, Thomas C. Smith, city judge, George Ehrenhardt, member of board of public works, and Edward R. Driscoll, secretary of the Vigo county Democratic central committee, were sentenced to three years each in the penitentiary and fined \$500.

GERMANS TO PAY FOR FRYE

American Vessel Sunk by Cruiser on
High Seas Is Case for
Prize Court.

Washington—Germany's intention to compensate the owners of the American ship William P. Frye, sunk on the high seas with her cargo of wheat by the commerce raider Prinz Eitel Friedrich, has been formally communicated to the United States government.

Ambassador Gerard cabled a note handed him by the Berlin foreign office in reply to the recent American communication submitting a claim for an indemnity of \$228,059.54 on behalf of the Frye's owners. The foreign office upholds without qualification the legality under international law of the raider's action in sinking the Frye, and bases the liability of the German government to pay indemnity solely upon the old Prussian-American treaties of 1799 and 1828, which provide that contraband belonging to the subjects or citizens of either party cannot be confiscated by the other and may be detained or used only in consideration of payment of the full value.

In view of this stipulation, the note says, of course, the American owners must be compensated for their loss. It is pointed out, however, that the case of necessity must go into a prize court, that questions of ownership, cargo, destination, etc., may be formally established.

Interurban Jitneys Are Started.

Charlotte—The "jitney" business is spreading in this section, this city has two jitneys in operation and others in prospect. A two-trip-a-day service between Hastings and Battle Creek, touching the towns along the southwestern part of Eaton county, is already in operation and this week A. D. Jones, a Pottsville garage man, started making regular trips between Pottsville and Charlotte on three days a week. This trip will connect with the morning and evening trains and really affords Pottsville people unusual service.

STATE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Mrs. Joanna Schutte, 73 years old, a pioneer of Wexford county, was burned to death at her home in Colfax township. Her dead body was discovered by her husband near an open kitchen door.

Instead of messing things all up at the postoffice by blowing open the safe, robbers went to Postmaster Snow's house at Standish, stole his keys and opened the safe. They left the keys on the floor of the office when they departed, unused and unheard, with \$352.

Dr. W. H. Hale, formerly of Jackson, is now Gen. Francisco Villa's personal physician at Columbia, Mexico.

The longest continuous session of the federal court ever held in Grand Rapids will end April 13, when Judge Sessions will go to Marquette for the opening of court in the northern district of Michigan. During the present session of court Judge Sessions has appeared on the bench every day since January 20, exclusive of Sundays. He heard arguments on Washington's and Lincoln's birthdays and frequently on Saturday afternoons.

Edwin Shortman has reported to the police that his father-in-law, George Botoford, 70 years old, has been missing since March 9.

The Copper Range Consolidated Mining Co., operating the Champion, the Battle and the Trimountain mines, have announced that on April 1 the wages would be increased 10 per cent, restoring in many cases the wage scale paid before the outbreak of the European war. There are 2,800 men affected in the three mines, and in the Red Rider, the Beacon Hill and the Freda stamp mills.

HUERTA ARRIVES
IN THIS COUNTRYAGED EX-DICTATOR OF MEXICO
REACHES NEW YORK ON
MONDAY.

PURPOSE OF TRIP PLEASURE

Declares That Business Here Is Of
Personal Nature And That He
Has No Intention Of Visit-
ing Mexico.

New York—General Victoriano Huerta former president of Mexico, arrived Monday afternoon from Barcelona on the Antonio Lopez, and beyond a statement to the effect that his trip here was purely for pleasure and personal business his questioners could elicit nothing from him, save that he had no intention of visiting Havana and none of visiting Mexico. Dressed very simply in a plain black suit, he seemed in robust health and excellent spirits.

During the voyage the ex-dictator spent most of his time with his two companions Jose C. Delgado, his private secretary, and Abraham E. Ratner, a friend. Mr. Ratner, who lived for 27 years in Mexico City, was also reported to be General Huerta's financial agent before his downfall.

The immigration authorities treated General Huerta exactly as the other passengers. In reply to the officers' questions he said, interpreted by Mr. Ratner, that he proposes to stay a month in New York, that his family is in Europe, that the object of his visit with pleasure, combined with a little private and family business. He added that the exact time of his stay depended upon the progress of his affairs and that it is possible that he may return to Spain when the Antonio Lopez next leaves New York.

Mr. Ratner, who acted as his interpreter, was anxious to make clear certain points as to his life in Spain. It was absolutely untrue, he said, that the Spanish government had even remotely suggested that he leave the country. Questioned as to the possibility of a visit to President Wilson at the White House, Mr. Ratner refused to speak.

MAJOR PHILLIPS IS ADVANCED

Succeeds Roy Vandercreek As Adju-
tant-General of Michigan Na-
tional Guard.

Lansing—Maj. M. J. Phillips, of Owosso, member of the state military board, and for a number of years inspector of small arms practice in the state militia, Monday assumed his new duties as adjutant-general of the Michigan National Guard, succeeding Maj. Roy Vandercreek, who recently resigned to become service adjutant and personal representative of the receivers of the Pere Marquette.

Maj. Phillips is a veteran of the Spanish-American war and is credited with having accomplished much toward furthering the efficiency of the state troops.

Spring Suit in Belgian Blue Serge



A plain, smart suit, distinctly youthful in suggestion and depending upon color and cut for successful style, is shown in the illustration given here. As to the lines on which it is cut, the skirt belongs to the straight silhouette type which, in spite of the success of the flared variety, has many followers. Callot and Jenny of Paris are authority enough for its vogue, if one cannot be satisfied without such assurance. It is full, but it is straight, a little longer than ankle length, and plain. The overlapped seam at the front is allowed a few buttons, like those on the jacket, set in groups of three. The skirt fits smoothly about the hips and has a plain finish at the top.

The crisp little coat consists of a plain body (a little short waisted) and a skirt which flares enough to indulge in a tentative ripple or two about the bottom. Buttons and machine stitching finish it. There is a square turnover collar of the serge at the back.

A second collar and a belt, in the most vivid military red, are made of thin suede leather. The belt is run through narrow straps of the serge

stitched to the coat at each side, and fastens with a silver buckle at the front. A second collar and belt, or even a third, may be acquired by way of ringing changes on a suit in which such striking color contrasts are featured. A collar and belt of black and white checkboard ribbon, or a set in one of the natural leather shades, are to be recommended.

Worn with the suit, when the red belt and collar are brought into requisition, is a hat which is obliged to keep pace with them. It is of blue straw, matching the dress in color, with band and darts of bright red like that in the accessories of the suit. Hardly anything else in a hat would do except one of those editors in black and white checkboard silk which are trimmed with black velvet ribbon and a cluster or two of cherries.

It is not often that a suit so simply constructed achieves distinction by the mere management of color, and still less often that a suit admits of "shading" by change of accessories that does not rob it of its smart style.

Miss Nell Craig Approves New Fashions



That keenness and quickness of apprehension which makes the success of the bright, particular "movie" star before the luxuriant camera lends weight to the importance of her judgment in the matter of clothes. Here is a picture of Miss Nell Craig, taken unawares, in a pretty new spring gown, with hat and accessories that meet with her approval among the new modes.

The bodice and tunic of hem-stitched chiffon are noticeably simple, and the underbodice, or corset cover, of crepe de chine, is quite the reverse of simple, being a pretty combination of the silk with wide shadow lace and hemstitching used in setting it together and as a decoration. The bodice is very plain, has a high convertible collar worn open at the throat, but wired to keep it upstanding at the back and sides. This carefully careless management of the collar is worth a second thought, and then some more thought.

The suspender-girdle of velvet ribbon makes a graceful and easy solution to the problem of the waist line, which is solved in so great a variety of ways in the new fashions. The girdle is of wide ribbon—and no limit is set as to its width—with the suspenders of narrower ribbon.

The hat is likely to awaken the enthusiasm of many other youthful and pretty wearers, for it is a return to the big, picturesque and gracious type that delights the eye of the artist. It is a "cartwheel" model with broad

brim of black taffeta faced with black silk-straw braid, and has a soft crown and a collar of taffeta. By way of adornment it is provided with a glorious full-blown red rose, matching it in generous proportions, and long ties or streamers of black velvet ribbon.

The proof of the pudding is in the tasting, and the proof of the styles is in the wearing. These are new modes approved by a practiced and critical eye.

JULIA BOTTOMLEY.

When Hoop Skirts Were Worn.
The first modern hoop skirt—representing a costume which the modes are now threatening to revive—was the invention of Joseph Thomas, who was born in Paris 88 years ago, and who died in Hoboken a few years since. The hoop skirt of Thomas' contrivance was popular from 1850 to 1870, when it began to decline. The monstrosity of cumbersome skirts, held out by hoops, was carried to such a point that the fair sex began to assume the proportions of balloons. Probably no other style of feminine attire was so unsightly and ridiculous as this, yet it enjoyed a tremendous vogue. The "hoops" of Joseph Thomas constituted a revival of the crinoline or farthingales of the time of Queen Elizabeth, when women wore hoop-like petticoats made of whalebone. The hoop skirt was made the cause of many accidents and loss of life occasioned by coming in contact with fire or machinery.

has a train it is adjusted with snap fasteners so that it may be removed later for dancing and added again if the costume is to be worn in its early, impressive effect.

Writer's Style.

Style! Style! Why, all writers will tell you that it is the very thing which can least of all be changed. A man's style is nearly as much a part of him as any part of his being which is at least subjected to the action of his will.—Fenelon.

The KITCHEN CABINET

So walk where the blossoms are sweetest
And forests grow pungently green,
Where song birds are singing and
grasses are springing
The wood and the wheat fields between.
For autumn is time of fulfilling
And summer is season of mirth,
But dainty and charming, all critics
dismissing,
The spring is the bride of the earth.

COMPANY DISHES.

As a first course for luncheon there is nothing more appreciated than:
Salpicon of Fruit.
Remove the skins from half a pound of white grapes and take out the seeds after cutting the grapes in halves. Cut three oranges and three grapefruits in halves and take out the pulp in sections, bruising as little as possible. Add the juice and mix lightly. Set aside and sprinkle with sugar; when chilled and ready to serve arrange in ten glasses with a sprinkling of sugar over each glass of fruit.

Larded Beef Tenderloin With Bananas.—Cut the salt pork for larding from the pork, zest the rind. Remove the rind, cut in slices a fourth of an inch thick and a fourth of an inch wide as long as can be cut. Chill the lardons in water before threading larding needle, insert about a fourth of an inch below the surface and draw thread through, tying in a loose knot. Put the lardons in rows and dredge the meat with flour. Sear in a hot frying pan until well browned. Then cook slowly until done, basting occasionally. Surround with small cooked bananas and serve with.

Polyvalve Sauce.—Put two tablespoons of the trimmings of the salt pork into a saucepan and let the fat fry out. Add two slices of onion, five of carrot, two sprigs of parsley, a quarter of a bay leaf, a slice of green pepper and half a chili pepper; cook until all are softened, drain off the fat, add a fourth of a cupful of vinegar and let simmer on the back part of the stove until the vinegar is reduced to half. To the fat add enough butter to make four tablespoonsful, add the same amount of flour and cook until smooth, then add a cupful and a half of brown stock, the vegetables and the vinegar, boil once, then strain over a half cupful of sultana raisins cooked in boiling water until tender; finish with three tablespoonsful of currant jelly and orange juice.

Softly the evening came. The sun from the western horizon
Like a magician extended his golden wand o'er the landscape.
Twinkling vapors arose, and sky and water and forest
Seemed all on fire at the touch, and melted and mingled together.
—Evangelina.

SOME GOOD COOKING.

Macaroni in various combinations is a most palatable and nutritious dish. Break up half a pound of macaroni and cook in three quarts of boiling water. Drain and add a tablespoonful of onion juice, two cupfuls of cold boiled ham and a rich sauce made of a cupful of milk and two tablespoonsful each of butter and flour. Cook the butter and flour together, add the milk, season well with salt and red pepper and put all in layers in a buttered baking dish. Bake until well heated.

Spiced Tongue.—Take a fresh calf's tongue, put it into boiling water and let it simmer for two hours. When it is done the skin will peel off. Put four tablespoonsful of butter in a saucepan and when boiling hot, add a cupful of small onions, one red pepper, 1½ tablespoonsful of salt and a tablespoonful of vinegar, two small carrots, one-half pound each of dates and raisins, all chopped, then add a pint of the liquor in which the tongue was cooked and simmer for one hour. Remove the tongue, thicken the sauce and pour it over the tongue.

Fig Tapioca.—Soak two-thirds of a cupful of tapioca in three-quarters of cold water over night. In the morning add a half cupful of brown sugar, two-thirds of a cupful of diced figs and the same amount of walnut meats, with a teaspoonful of vanilla; steam for one hour before adding the vanilla. Chill and serve with sweetened whipped cream.

Hickories.—Take a cupful of light brown sugar, two eggs, a little salt, a cupful of flour, two tablespoonsful of baking powder, a cupful of hickory nut meats and milk to make a soft mixture to drop from the spoon. Bake in a moderate oven.

Penn Descendant Dies at Front.

The Pennsylvania Society of New York has issued memorial cards in honor of Viscount Northland and the late W. U. Hensel. Viscount Northland died in France from wounds received at La Basse. He was the son and heir of the earl of Ranfurly, honorary member of the Pennsylvania society, and was a direct descendant of William Penn. Viscount Northland was an officer in the famous Coldstream Guards and was awarded a medal for services in the South

Found the Way.
"How in the world did you come to marry a woman doctor?"
"Well, you see, she operated upon me for appendicitis, and was so gentle that I just naturally fell in love with her."

"Which seems to prove the truth of the old saying that the way to a man's heart is through his stomach."

Daily Thought.

Apologies only account for that which they do not alter.—Disraeli.

This world's a pretty good sort of a place
Taking it all together:
In spite of the grief and sorrow we meet,
In spite of the gloomy weather,
There are friends to love, and hopes to cheer
And plenty of compensation
For every ache, of those who make
The best of the situation.

THE CHILD'S LUNCHEON.

A large percentage of mothers all over the land have the ever-present lunch-box problem to solve each day. Some where an ingenious mother who had four other friends, each with a child to send with a lunch basket, proposed that once a week each prepare a basket lunch for the five, in this way saving the daily task for each. The mothers could do with pleasure once a week what was such a bugbear in its frequency. The mother knows that her child's mentality as well as his physical power depends upon his food largely and the growing child should have nourishing, plain, wholesome and easily digested food.

The child naturally craves sweets and they should be given in moderate amount, as they are necessary to furnish fuel. Sweets should be given at the close of the meal so that they may not clog the stomach for substantial things as they do if given before or at the beginning of a meal.

Another important point to remember with children is that their digestive processes are much more rapid than with adults, and they need a good, substantial lunch.

Eggs cooked hard and well seasoned make a most satisfactory sandwich filling. Thin slices of meat between well-spread slices of bread. The sandwich is an important factor, and should have first place. Battered now may be bought at a small price which will hold a hot drink or soup, cocoa and milk being the drinks best for the child.

Fresh fruit, an apple or an orange, a cake of sweet chocolate or a few pieces of good candy make a well-loved finish to a meal. The child enjoys a surprise, will eat with relish and digest a meal much better if it is something that comes as a surprise. Cup custards are most delicious desserts, rice with custard and raisins make another simple and tasty one.

Reading is to the mind, what exercise is to the body. As by one, health is preserved, strengthened and invigorated; by the other, the which is the health of the mind is kept alive, cherished and confirmed.—Addison.

FAVORITE DISHES OF OTHER NATIONS.

As America is made up of all nationalities a few dishes which speak of the motherland will be pleasant reminders.

Cock-a-leekie.—Chop two pounds of veal and put to soak in a gallon and a half of cold water for an hour. Heat slowly and simmer until the liquor is rich. Pour this over a roasting capon or fowl and cook five minutes. Remove the fowl, bone it, chop fine and return to the pan. Add a pint of leeks, season and cook until the leeks are tender.

Spanish Macaroni.—Fry onions in a bit of butter and olive oil until brown, add a tablespoonful of Worcestershire sauce and a teaspoonful of chili powder. Put a half cupful of macaroni into boiling water, salted, and cook until tender, about twenty-five minutes. Place the drained macaroni in a buttered baking dish and pour the onions and half a can of tomatoes over it. Mix well and sprinkle with grated cheese. Bake a half hour in a moderate oven.

English Stuffed Ham.—Select a fresh-cured ham and have the bone removed. Fill with a stuffing made of bread crumbs, parsley, green pepper, chopped, and seasonings of salt and pepper, with butter to make the right richness. Tie up securely and inclose the ham in a paste of flour and water to keep the juices from escaping. Tie in a cloth and put into a pot of boiling water and simmer gently for two or three hours, allowing twenty minutes for each pound weight. After the ham is cooked remove the crust, pare off the skin carefully, so as not to injure the shape of the ham, put into a roasting pan, sprinkle with crumbs, and roast, allowing six minutes to the pound.

Nellie Maxwell.

African war. In the death of Mr. Hensel the society "deplores the loss of one of its most brilliant members, a man whose services to his nation and state have been written in lasting fame, and whose deep interest in our association was strengthening, helpful and kind."

At the Sociable.

He—I am sure we have met before.
Didn't we go to school together?
She—Sure we did. Don't you remember—you were my teacher.

She Knew the Other Things.
Church—You know there are things that money won't buy.
Gotham—There are?
"Certainly."
"Well, I'll bet my wife don't know what they are."

According to British Law.
Should the caves of a man's house project over his neighbor's land, the latter may pull them down at once, according to British law, unless they have so projected for twenty years.

Not Far From the Kingdom

By REV. B. B. SUTCLIFFE
Assistant Superintendent of Men, Moody Bible Institute of Chicago

TEXT—Thou art not far from the kingdom of God.—Mark 12:34.

It required courage to ask the question which drew from the Master the words of the text.

Surrounded by the Pharisees, with their cold formalism, and the Sadducees with their skepticism, to say nothing of the publicans and sinners with all their vices, this young man had the moral bravery to step out before them all and exhibit a keen desire to know and do the right. He came to Jesus with a question concerning God's first and great commandment for man, and the Master's answer places him at once in his true position before the Lord. What Jesus told this young man of long ago can still be said of many today: "Thou art not far from the kingdom of God."

1. He was in a very promising position, "not far from the kingdom."

He was acquainted with the truth to a certain extent, being in the position of many today who are able to tell much about the truth of the Bible; but they themselves are still "without."

He also assented to the truth. This, too, describes many, of today who make no profession of Christianity; they not only know much of the truth, but they are quite ready to agree that it is truth.

He also admired the One who told him the truth; he came to Jesus. And it may safely be presumed that he attempted to live his creed. He was a sincere man who caught the attention of Jesus and drew from him this word, "Thou art not far from the kingdom of God." A great truth is here, viz., that one can be at the very door of the kingdom and yet be finally lost. Some who read these words may be in the same position, at the threshold—but yet not in.

2. He was in a very painful position; just at the door, but not inside.

He would be condemned by his conscience because of his acquaintance with the truth. It would ever be telling him that he ought to step inside and delay no longer. An unheeded conscience is not pleasant to live with, and this young man's position would be painful in spite of its promise.

He would also be condemned by his reason because of his assent to the truth. To know that a certain action is wise and yet not do it, is to dishonor one's reason. Yet many there are today who have been brought to the gates of salvation but who have stifled the voices of conscience and reason and found themselves in the distressing position of this young man. He would be condemned, too, by his life. He had seen the life of the Lord Jesus and was forced to admire its beauty and grace. How many times he would look at the perfection of that life and how far short his own life would come from measuring up to it.

He would be condemned by the words which Jesus addressed to him when he said, "Thou shalt love the Lord thy God with all thy heart." Each time he thought of this saying of Jesus he would feel his position was anything but pleasant, for he stood condemned by his conscience, his reason, his life and by the law.

3. He was in a very perilous position; he might never get into that kingdom from which he was then "not far."

There was the danger that he rest content with mere assent to the truth. He would be like a traveler who might go many days and stop just one day's march from his goal; all his weary journey would be useless without the final day's work. To be within a step of the kingdom of God and neglect to take that last step which would put one over the threshold is to take one's place with all the unsaved.

There was the danger, too, that he should put off the final step too long and his conscience become hardened and leave him without its warning tones.

"Almost" cannot avail, "almost" is but to fall; Sad, sad, the bitter wall, "Almost, but lost."

A distinguished preacher tells of a gentleman who heard someone preach from this text, and as the danger of neglect was presented he felt he was but a step from salvation. Instead, however, of taking that last step which separated between his soul and life, he put it off and returned to his home. Retiring, he fell into a restless sleep and began to dream. He thought he saw himself die and beheld his soul leaving his body. But he was dismayed to see a host of sins, which he recognized as his own, pursue his soul, and it became so terrible he could bear it no longer, but awoke. Springing from his bed he called his wife and telling her the dream declared that on the next Sunday he would go to the church and take the last step toward salvation. But as he spoke he gasped and fell at his wife's feet, dead. My dear reader, if you find yourself in the promising but painful position of this young man, will you not just now exchange that perilous place for the safe place by accepting the gracious invitation of Jesus, "Come unto me and I will give you rest?"

Many people take care of their money until they have come nearly to the end of it, and others do just the same with their time.—Guthrie.

MISTAKE MADE BY MOTHERS

Effort to Exercise Too Great a Restraint on Child Is Depreciated by Writer.

In the Woman's Home Companion appears the first of a series of articles on the care of children entitled "Your Children's Clothes." The author tells the following story and gives some good advice:

"A child's clothing is a factor of very great importance in the development of his body and character. Last summer at the seashore a mother complained to me of her four-year-old boy, Johnnie, who could not keep his clothes clean for five minutes!"

"I watched this little boy at play, and though I saw the truth of the mother's complaint my sympathies were decidedly with the little boy, because the person at fault was not the child, but the mother. All that morning the little boy was harassed and suppressed, as he probably had been from his earliest childhood, by such phrases as: 'Don't, Johnnie, you will get your clothes dirty!'

"Here was a child whose development was stunted and sacrificed for the sake of his clothes. He had never been given a chance to play freely, to exercise freely, to learn to do things by the actual doing of them, and so, therefore, he naturally had never gained control over his muscles. He was flabby and clumsy, he stumbled over everything, he could hardly throw a pebble into the water without spilling into it. This child, though apparently well and strong, and bright enough, was practically helpless physically, and by this lack of muscle coordination his mentality and spirit were affected."

The Prune Club.

"Why is the bass drummer always a dyspeptic?" asked the thin boarder, coming to breakfast.

"Because the bass drum is tough," said the giddy blonde typewriter between bites.

"Not right," said the thin man.

"Because beats don't agree with him," suggested the fat boarder, wiping his brow with his paper napkin.

"All wrong," came from the thin one. "Guess you'll give it up. Because the drum goes against his stomach."

Blessed is the man who is unable to get credit—for he will have no debts to pay.

For genuine comfort and lasting pleasure use Red Cross Ball Blue or wash day. All good grocers. Adv.

The young man who is ambitious to start at the top soon finds out how easy is the descent.—Albany Journal.

1st First in Everything

First in Quality
First in Results
First in Purity
First in Economy

and for these reasons Calumet Baking Powder is first in the hearts of the millions of housewives who use it and know it. RECEIVED HIGHEST AWARDS World's Pure Food Exposition, Chicago, Illinois, 1904. Paris Exposition, France, 1905.



You don't save money when you buy cheap or the one baking powder. Don't be misled. Buy Calumet. It's more economical—more wholesome—gives best results. Calumet is far superior to any other brand.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Patent Lawyer, Washington, D.C. Advice and books free. Rates reasonable. Highest references. Best service.

Wanted—Agents to sell wanted article in accordance to acceptable parties. Local, Wholesale, Foreign. **JOIN AN ORDER** that pays money instead of charging dues. Solicitors wanted. CLAS, STRONG, Ward, Colorado.



For Everybody's Car

The Standard Oil Company's recommendation is one Polarine—for every make and type of car. We could make a special oil for every type of motor. We have the facilities, the experts and the means.

But the study of every motor car on the market showed that the lubricating needs of all standard makes were identical.

Polarine

Use Polarine. It has proved the cure for the motor troubles of thousands of good cars whose motors bore the blame.

STANDARD OIL COMPANY, Chicago, U. S. A.

Use RED CROWN Gasoline for Power, Speed and Mileage

RICE & HUTCHINS EDUCATOR SHOE

REG. U.S. PAT. OFF. "Let's the Foot Grow as it Should"

Stop Stealing Your Own Energy

KICK off those narrow, pointed shoes—that compress and bend bones and thereby build corns, bunions, ingrown nails, falling arch, callouses, etc.—destroyers of energy!

Put on Educators—made to let the bones grow right—hence can never cause corns, etc. Good-looking, well-made, long-wearing. For men, women, children, infants. \$1.35 up to \$5.50. But be sure EDUCATOR is branded on the sole—or else you haven't genuine orthopedically correct Educators. There's only one Educator. It's the one made by

Rice & Hutchins, Inc., 15 High St., Boston, Mass. Makers also of All-American and Signet Shoes for Men; Mayfair for Women.

DEALERS: We can supply you at wholesale—from stock on our floor.

R & H Chicago Co., 231 W. Monroe St., Chicago, Ill.

Conner-tipped Educator for Children

Straight Lace Educator for Women

BROOK FISH.

Why They Do Not Get Carried Away Out Into Deep Waters.

If you watch a school of minnows in some stream that has a strong and swift current you will see that they always head upstream. The reason is plain. Only by constantly swimming against the current can the brook fish remain a brook fish and not finally be carried out to sea, as the brook empties into a river, and the river empties into the ocean. But we cannot suppose that the brook fish knows that this will happen if it weakly allows the stream to carry it along. The young minnow is born with the instinct to resist the flow of the brook.

The most natural supposition would be that the instinct amounts to a tendency to push against the pressure of the water, but experiments have shown that it is not the sense of touch, but the sense of sight that plays the important part. The instinct of the brook fish is not to swim against the current, but to keep near the same "scenery" on the banks or bottom of the stream.

The experiments that proved this were performed some years ago by Professor E. P. Lyon. He put some little fish into a bottle filled with water and corked the bottle, which he then placed in an aquarium, whose sides had seaweed upon them. When he moved the bottle along by the wall all the fish crowded to the hinder end of the bottle. Of course there was no current in the bottle. The fish were trying to keep alongside that part of the seaweed covered wall that was opposite them before the bottle was moved.

In another experiment the professor reversed the conditions. He made a wooden box with wire netting at each end. Its bottom he covered with sand and its inner sides with seaweed. Then he put the fish into this box and placed it in a stream. As long as the box was kept still the fish headed against the current, but as soon as the box was allowed to float away in the stream the fish inside it swam in any direction. While the box was still the fish, unless they made head against the stream, were carried along past their landmarks on the sides and bottom of the box. But when the box floated along with them they carried their landmarks with them, and so they made no opposition to being swept along by the stream.—Youth's Companion.

Left Handed Men Not Defective.

As left handedness is an inherited characteristic, apparently behaving as Mendelian recessive, it is interesting to note the belief of some investigators that it is one of the stigmata of degeneracy, says the Journal of Heredity. Bardeleben is quoted in German periodicals as saying:

"That a few great men, such as Leonardo da Vinci, were left handed does not neutralize the prevalent belief in all ages that left handedness implies a substandard subject. The percentage of left handed recruits is but 6.8; of school children somewhat higher. These figures are very deceptive, however, for of the left handed children who become right handed the percentage is some 26. This, added to the persistently left handed, raises the original percentage of left handed considerably."

After pointing out that the gibbon and orang outang are as a rule right handed and the gorilla and chimpanzee left handed the speaker decided there was no evidence at all that a left handed person was mentally or physically inferior.

The Substitution.

It is a well known fact that both Sir Arthur Sullivan and Sir W. S. Gilbert had a horror of the titles of their operas becoming known until the very night of their performance. This fear that they might be forestalled created considerable confusion at the initial production of "Iolanthe; or, The Peer and the Peri." The opera was rehearsed for weeks under the title of "Perolin." It was only at the dress rehearsal that the company was instructed to substitute the name Iolanthe for that of Perolin wherever it occurred in the text or lyrics. It was no easy task to replace vocally and in the dialogue a name of three syllables for one of four. Sullivan, however, said "maybe aside to one or two of the actors who were nervous: 'Go and sing the music.' Gilbert was 'in it' from the first night, 'so use any name that you think of first if you are rattled.' No one in the audience was the wiser."

Death Dealing Kisses.

The most famous example of kisses that have caused death is furnished by the story of the sprightly young Duchess of Gordon, who raised so many recruits for the famous Gordon highlanders. In the early days of the regiment recruiting was very slow, but the duchess attired herself in the regimental colors and made a tour of the various markets and fairs, offering to each recruit a guinea and a kiss.

Most of the recruits paid for the kiss with their lives. No sooner was the regiment raised than it was sent to fight the French, and in the first engagement in which the duchess' recruits participated there was a loss of 300 killed and wounded. All the right thinking company was hit save one, and he, curiously enough, did not happen to be a recipient of the young duchess' kiss. He was a canny Aberdeenshire man, and for an extra guinea he sold his right to another person to a kiss from the duchess' ruby lips.—London Graphic.

Spring Announcement

TO EVERY CONSUMER IN GRAYLING AND SURROUNDING TERRITORY:

With the opening of the most delightful season of the entire year, we the business men of Grayling, wish to extend not only an invitation for your business throughout the spring and summer, but to point out to you the folly of placing it anywhere else.

That you have a right to spend your money where you please, no one denies, but the practice of spending it out of Grayling works an injustice to you in the end just as surely as it injures us at the time you take or send it away. Our town is the financial center of the community in which you live and from which your living must come. The more money we can keep at home the better will the financial conditions be here. If they are good, you, Mr. Workingman, will have employment at good wages. If they are bad, you will spend many idle days or will be compelled to work for a less wage than could otherwise be granted. Every dollar you send away from Grayling makes it just that much less probable that local conditions will be satisfactory to you. And, anyway, there is not a single good reason why you should send one penny out of town. Every necessity of life can be bought at home at as low a price as anywhere else, quality considered; and it is worse than folly to close your eyes against quality and look at the price, only.

And you, Mr. Farmer, should consider the matter carefully before going or sending out of town to buy. If financial conditions in the community are kept in good condition, it will be easier for you to get credit, either from retail dealer or from the banks, should you need it. If the community is drained of its money, retailers are unable to extend credit, and when their receipts fall off, the cash in banks must decrease accordingly and ready money is not easily had.

All of the above is good, sound, business judgment. If you, the public, as consumers, will give a little study to the fundamental principles of community success, you will readily see, as we do, that it is just as much to your own interest as it is to ours that you make every effort to spend your money where you make it.

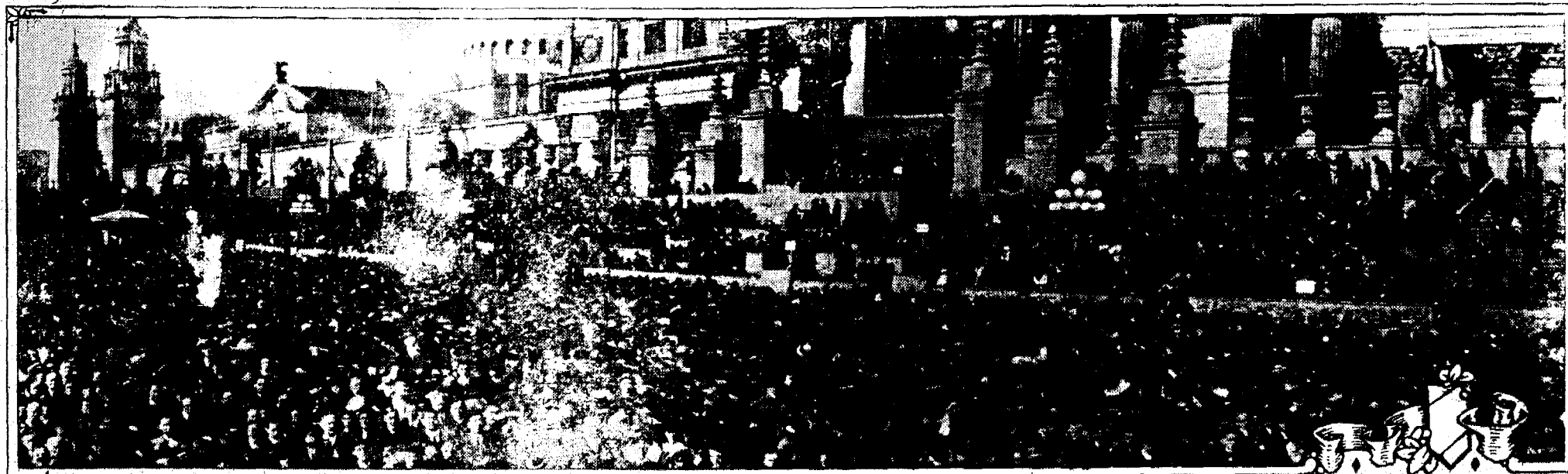
We are looking forward to a good business year. Our spring and summer stocks are on hand, and it will be a pleasure for us to show them to you and prove to you that you cannot realize more for your money than right here at home.

With Best Wishes,

THE BUSINESS MEN OF GRAYLING

Millions Visit World's Great Panama-Pacific International Exposition at San Francisco

ALL RECORDS FOR ATTENDANCE BROKEN BY MARVEL EXPOSITION CITY AT THE GOLDEN GATE.



VAST CROWD GATHERED BEFORE THE HUGE TOWER OF JEWELS ARE YOU GOING TO VISIT THE HUGE EXPOSITION?

THIS remarkable panoramic photograph shows part of the vast crowd that gathered on the opening day of the Exposition, Saturday, Feb. 20. The crowd was not only the greatest ever brought together in the west, but in vastness it broke all previous exposition attendance records. The grounds were thronged with visitors from every part of the globe, and the big attendance still continues. The opening day crowd was remarkably peaceful, and no arrests were made by the Exposition guards or military during the day, and but one child was lost, and it was returned to its mother within fifteen minutes. There were no accidents. President Wilson, President Charles C. Moore of the Panama-Pacific International Exposition, Dr. Frederick J. V. Skiff, director in chief, accompanied by the thirty Exposition directors, welcomed the vast throng that assembled in Van Ness avenue and its lateral streets and, headed by Mayor James Mr. Beachey's approach to circle the huge Tower of Jewels. Since the opening day the Exposition grounds through the Scott street entrance to the grand stand. At the time this photograph was taken Lila Beachey, aviator, had just appeared above the horizon in his flying machine, and the throng was awaiting Mr. Beachey's approach to circle the Exposition city at the Golden Gate.

THE MASTER KEY

By John Fleming Wilson

By special arrangement for this paper a photo-drama corresponding to the installments of "The Master Key" may now be seen at the leading moving picture theaters. By arrangement made with the Universal Film Manufacturing company it is not only possible to read "The Master Key" in this paper, but also to see the moving pictures of our story.

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CHAPTER XXV.

The Escape of Ruth.

After his experience in rescuing John Dorr from the hands of the outraged priests of Bhala, Sir Donald Faversham prepared to start the new day. He could not well realize just what had happened in the twenty-four hours that had just ended. It needed the commonplace details of a woman's toilet to make things seem actual.

And what facts were that changed his whole future? Ruth had promised to marry him. Faversham belonged to that great class of Englishmen who unite the virtues of careful training with an adaptability to circumstance which has made Great Britain the colonizer of the world.

He was as formal in many ways as a clock. In others he could amuse the most impulsive and impressionable adventurer.

When he first met Ruth he had had not the faintest notion of wooing her. His admiration had been frank and unreserved, but without any underlying depth of feeling.

His volunteering to join John Dorr and Ruth in this wild search for the missing idol had been what he called a lark.

It was only long association with her, the constant view of her pretty innocence and an occasional glimpse of her profounder and womanly nature that had touched his heart and awakened in him feelings that he had refrained from confessing to himself.

Then came the moment when she had turned to him for help and he had been the single person in the world who could save John Dorr. Sharp and brief as had been the struggle in his own mind, it had brought him to an acknowledgment of the fact that she was the only woman he wanted for his wife.

On the very tick of her hour of trouble he had ventured to ask his reward for service.

She had promised, and now he, baronet and retired officer of the British army, shook like a boy at the thought of the happiness that awaited him.

They met at breakfast, Dorr still showing the effects of his night's adventures. Ruth bright eyed from want of sleep and Sir Donald alone presenting the appearance of one who had been gone the day bright after a sound night's rest.

Their natural topic of conversation was of Dorr's attempt to capture the idol and Sir Donald's rescue of him.

John could give little satisfaction to Ruth's minute inquiries, and the Eng. Ishman confessed that he himself, though much more familiar with the native ways and native temples, had not much notion of exactly how it had all come about nor how he had found Dorr and extricated him.

"The only thing I gather from it all is this," he said amiably. "You had better take my advice in this country and not try to perform any of your eastern feats. India is a very old country, and they resent here anything that doesn't follow the good old lines."

"I suppose I was very foolish," John confessed ruefully. "But when I saw that image right within reach I simply couldn't resist the temptation to grab it and try to escape."

Sir Donald looked at Ruth meaningly. "I can't say that I'm a bit sorry, old chap," he told Dorr. "After all, as you say, it's an ill wind that blows no one any good."

Instantly Ruth caught his meaning, and her eyes fell. Yes, she had promised, and this brave gentleman who had risked his life for her sake should be without his reward.

But she stared absently at her plate until John pulled her and swore that he would yet get the plans.

"And here comes the fellow who will tell us what really did happen," Sir

joined them. His usually placid face here an expression of anxiety.

"What can be the matter?" demanded Ruth.

"Not anything for you to worry about," replied Faversham. "I'm sure I can arrange everything presently, but you certainly stirred up the priests."

"Well, what do they intend to do?" inquired John, undisturbed, except that he did not understand a glance exchanged by Ruth and Sir Donald.

"It seems they have started a kind of holy war against us," the baronet answered grimly. "You desecrated their idols and they've excited a lot of the people against you and—"

"And what?" demanded John impatiently.

With a meaning look toward Ruth, Sir Donald faced Dorr. "This is not a place for Miss Gallon," he said formally.

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Achmet bowed low before Ruth and with a gesture indicated that she was to follow him. She hesitated.

Sir Donald easily said, "Hurry!" She impulsively turned to John, and he saw her eyes filled with anxiety for him. That satisfied his wounded heart, and he urged her on.

When she had disappeared in the wake of the bustling servant Sir Donald glanced at Dorr and then said abruptly: "Come ahead. We'll try a back way out."

"We shan't interfere with Ruth's getting away, shall we?" John responded.

There was a glimmer of admiration in Faversham's eyes as he shook his head.

"No. Achmet will take her his own way. We go an entirely different one—If we escape the mob."

He had hardly spoken when the outer gate swung inward and there was a wild crush of struggling bodies between the high pillars. A stone struck the floor between the two Europeans.

"Come with me," said Faversham and drew Dorr around a corner and then inside a small entry. Another entry giving off this offered escape and they darted down it. An instant later they were in an empty courtyard.

"I know where I am now," Faversham said coolly and opened a gate in the opposite wall which led into a garden.

Five minutes later the two men were standing alone in a quiet lane out of sight and sound of the mob.

"They will destroy all our things," Dorr suggested.

"No. The hotelkeeper and the police will see to it that they don't. All they wanted was you and me. Failing to catch us, they will disperse."

"But where shall we find Ruth?" John went on eagerly.

"Achmet will take her to a camp of beggars outside the city," he answered.

"But how? She won't be safe with only a native."

"Safer than with a regiment of soldiers," was the response. "I know where the place is. Let's go to it. I guarantee that we shall find Miss Gallon safe and sound. I know Achmet of old. He is specially trustworthy because he is a Mohammedan and he doesn't respect idols any more than you and I do."

They finally reached the camp up the bank of the river and Achmet saluted before them.

"Where is the maiden?" demanded Faversham.

The servant rose and took the covering of a large basket. Ruth smiled up at them.

"I heard your voices," she said, laughing. "Achmet thought I ought to get out right away, but I wanted to surprise you."

"And that is the way you got out of the hotel?" demanded John.

"Yes, Achmet tucked me into this basket and carried me right through all those terrible people."

"What is to be done now?" John demanded presently.

"I'll have Achmet get our belongings," said Faversham. "This gable here is his. We can't do better than stick with them for awhile. I believe they are going up into the hills anyway. So much the better for us. Bhala is no spot for you and me just now."

"But the idol and the plans?" protested John. "We know where it is today. Tomorrow it may be a hundred miles away or hidden past our ever finding it."

"That is true," said Sir Donald. "But the safety of Miss Gallon is paramount. I will do what I can. Possibly I'll be able to do more than you think."

With this Dorr had to be content, but later when he and Ruth were alone he brought the subject up again.

To his amazement, Ruth seemed little interested and her manner was an odd mixture of reserve and timidity.

Gone was the old frankness and intimacy.

At last John said quietly, "I hope you don't think I was wholly careless of your safety last night. My only object was to get back your papers."

And Ruth, with Sir Donald's flushed face before her eyes and his voice in her ears, remembered her promise and was silent.

CHAPTER XXVI.

Wilkinson Again on the Trail.

It had not been difficult for Harry Wilkinson and Mrs. Darnell to trace Faversham and his party from the time they landed to their arrival in Bhala. But the idol itself, the object of their quest, still concealed its whereabouts in spite of the most minute inquiries.

"We'll simply have to watch Dorr," Wilkinson said at last.

So he watched Dorr when they were to put their scheme to the test. Their own little company made camp and after supper gradually went to sleep.

It was 10 o'clock when Wilkinson nodded to Drake, and they quit their places by the dying fire.

Outside of the circle they met the man who was to guide them, and one glance at his brutal face showed Wilkinson that he was once more confronted with a problem.

The man made no bones of demanding a large extra sum in compensation for his risks and intimating with extreme plainness that in case his exorbitant blackmail was not paid he would not only not accompany them, but put it out of their power to go alone.

For an hour Wilkinson bargained and haggled, but all to no purpose. At last he gave in and practically stripped himself of coin, which the other pocketed without a thank you.

The three of them started forth under a glimmering moon toward the priests' camp, a mile or so away by a spring.

Half an hour's steady tramping brought them within eyeshot of the place, and Wilkinson went ahead to

spy out the lay of things.

When he came back he roughly told Drake, in reply to his question, that the idol must be in one of the pack sacks lying about.

"It's a case of sneak up and get a sack each of us and then look for the idol in it," he said.

"All right," Drake growled. "But it's risky business. In case of a muss where'll we meet again?"

"At our own camp," Wilkinson whispered and led the way.

When they came close to the spot where the natives were asleep the three of them paused and listened.

Presently Wilkinson gave a silent signal that no one was awake, and they crept up among the baggage.

The first two sacks yielded nothing and Wilkinson was reaching out for one that seemed bulkier than the rest when their guide coughed and instantly a couple of the priests awakened.

Seeing strangers, they gave an alarm, and one, apparently a soldier, fired off an ancient musket so close to Drake that he ineffectually cursed his burden and fled.

He heard Wilkinson crouching behind him, a couple of more shots and then took to his heels in good earnest as he heard rapid footsteps.

A moment later Wilkinson had caught up to him, panting and dragging the sack, which he had refused to surrender.

Between them they carried it on further and then rested in a slight hollow till their guide came up.

"If the idol isn't in this sack," Wilkinson said with a snarl, "I'll go back and shoot up the whole outfit and get it."

When the thoughts were cut and the great bag opened the first object that met their eyes was the image they sought, glimmering in the half light.

The moment he saw it and knew that his quest was ended Wilkinson flung the rest of the stuff away and boldly got to his feet.

"Now for our own camp. We'll just see where those plans are," he growled.

Drake and the guide both protested in vain.

Safely away from pursuit, they lit a light and examined their find.

"It's the same one," Wilkinson said triumphantly.

"Made of metal, too," said Drake slowly. "Now, where are the plans?"

"Inside of it," announced his companion, beating on the idol with his knuckles. "Now to find out the opening."

It did not take long for him to discover the movable eye, and when he had pulled that out he thrust his finger in and withdrew it with a folded paper.

"Safe and sound," he exulted, dropping the image to the ground, where

Equipped at last, they started forth and for two days kept pretty closely to the river, which wound about through the hills, mounting slowly to its source in the mountains.

Several times they heard of Faversham and Dorr, but Wilkinson refused to turn aside or delay once on the trail of the idol. And at last they came within view of the little cavalcade which was escorting the god to a place of safety.

As were the men he had hired, Wilkinson dared not trust them too far. He knew that they were superstitious, and he feared that when it came to a battle between avarice and laborer terror of the supernatural he would be left in the lurch.

So he warned Drake not to appear too anxious and by no means to let their followers know that they intended to seize the image and take it away with them.

"But if the papers are in that idol," Drake protested, "we ought to be able to get them and rescue the old image, with nobody a jot the worse."

"That may be possible," was the response. "On the other hand, the plans may be concealed so that it will take time to find them."

They discussed a dozen plans and finally decided that the next night the two of them, accompanied only by their guide, should make the trial.

But supposing they have the image, where shall we find it? questioned Drake. "They have a lot of stuff in their packs, and you may be sure they have concealed the idol well. Unless they feared its being stolen again they wouldn't be going to all this pains."

"We'll find it all right," was Wilkinson's sole response.

The evening came when they were to put their scheme to the test. Their own little company made camp and after supper gradually went to sleep.

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We will gladly demonstrate the superb Ansco, the marvelous amateur camera of professional quality, and show you its work with Ansco film, the original, genuine and perfect film, and Cyko the price winning photographic paper.

Look for the Ansco Sign

A. M. LEWIS.
THE BUSY DRUGGIST

Crawford Avalanche.

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, APRIL 15

Local News

Junior Hop at Temple theatre tomorrow night.

Correct filling of all prescriptions is what our customers get every time. Central Drug Store.

The street commissioner has done a nice job of cleaning the streets. Let the good work go on.

Fire insurance is too cheap to be without. Why are you so negligent? GEO. L. ALEXANDER & SON.

John Stone of Pinconning visited his daughter, Mrs. Frank LaSprea here a couple of days this week.

We are showing the biggest and swellest line of ladies' hats in the city. Grayling Mercantile Co.

Mrs. J. C. Burton entertained a few friends at cards Tuesday evening at her home in honor of Miss Jennie Ingley.

P. G. Zalsman received word today of the death of his mother at Holland, Mich. He expects to leave for that place tomorrow.

Dr. C. A. Canfield is attending a dental clinic at Grand Rapids. About 500 Michigan dentists are expected to be in attendance.

John L. Cook and family moved here from Detroit last week and have taken up their residence near the South Side school.

Mrs. Darius Countryman left last week and spent a few days at Adrian and then went on to Detroit to visit her daughter, Mrs. Wm. Matthews.

Mr. and Mrs. Earle Kidd returned last Wednesday from a couple of weeks visit in Detroit and Bay City, visiting the former's parents at the latter city.

C. M. Hewitt returned from Ann Arbor on Saturday last, where he had been with his wife, who underwent an operation and who he left getting along nicely.

Miss Lila Cassidy underwent an operation on her neck at Mercy hospital last Thursday. She was dismissed on Sunday and is getting along nicely at her home.

The boxing match last Monday night between "Kid" McMahon of this city and "Kid" Charles of Saginaw, attracted a large attendance, and judging from reports, was one of the most interesting boxing exhibitions ever given in Grayling. The match was held in the opera house, McMahon winning in the decision. The preliminaries also gave good satisfaction to the audience. These exhibitions were a decided and favorable contrast to some of the apparent "frame ups" that were staged here last season.

The Board of Supervisors will meet at the court house next Tuesday.

Ten pages this week and interesting reading on every one. Don't miss any.

We have Ansco film that will fit every camera that is in town. A. M. Lewis.

Miss Edna McCullough underwent an operation at Mercy hospital today for appendicitis.

For First Class Livery and Heavy Work call Peter Jorgenson. Phone 853. Open day and night.

Walter Cowell has had the interior of his barber shop nicely painted in pure white, which is a nice improvement.

M. A. Bates and Glen Smith have been subpoenaed as jurors in the U. S. circuit court, to be held at Bay City May 4th.

Miss Maud Tetu left yesterday afternoon for Marquette on professional business. She expects to be gone about three or four weeks.

Lorne Douglas of Johannesburg, who attends the U. of M., is visiting his grandmother, Mrs. J. Douglas, and friends here for a few days.

Nel Mitchell and Mrs. Mary Jorgenson returned Wednesday afternoon from San Diego, Cal., where they had been in attendance at the exposition.

Miss Alveretta Irving spent the latter part of last week in Bay City, Saginaw and Midland, being the guest of Miss Lottie Sias at the latter place.

Mrs. Ambrose Meistrup returned Wednesday of last week from a couple of weeks spent in Bay City, the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Whitney.

The Misses Gertrude and Margaret McPeak of Bay City visited their brother and wife, Mr. and Mrs. Lester McPeak, during spring vacation last week.

Miss Bill Jussila, age twenty-five years passed away at the home of her sister on the South side last Sunday morning. Death was due to tuberculosis of which she had been ailing for some time. The funeral was held from the home of her sister Monday afternoon at 2:00 o'clock. Rev. Mitchell of the M. E. church officiating at the ceremonies. The deceased was a Finlander and had been in this country but a short time.

The Board of County Election canvassers met Monday during the circuit court noon recess and made out the official report of the county vote for state officers elected at this spring's election. The work was completed within one hour, owing to the fact that the results had already been compiled and recorded by County Clerk John J. Niederer. This work usually takes the board from a day and a half to two days, and while it is not the duty of the county clerk to do this preliminary work, his doing so saves the members of the Board considerable time and likewise it saves Crawford county considerable expense.

Baggage transfer, trucking and moving. Phone 1153, Harvey Wheeler. 4-3-4.

The T-Town planing mill closed down last week for repairs.

Will Shoemaker and family of Boyne City are visiting relatives here.

L. W. Collins of Grand Rapids was the guests of friends here Tuesday.

There will be work in the third degree at the Masonic lodge tonight.

House and lot on South Side for sale on easy terms. Inquire of A. M. Lewis.

Miss Florence Countryman left for Big Rapids yesterday afternoon on business.

Mrs. P. D. Borchers entertained the Rebekah ladies at her home yesterday afternoon.

Holger Hanson returned home Monday and has resumed his work as assistant cashier at the bank.

Miss Bessie Failing returned Wednesday afternoon from a trip to Bay City, Detroit and Dayton, Ohio.

Flowers and potted plants can be ordered at the Salling, Hanson Co. store. There are always some on display on the counter at this place.

Friends here are in receipt of invitations to attend the fiftieth wedding anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. Ambrose Cross, at Lisabule, Wash., April 11th.

Louie Joseph and Harry Conine arrived home from U. of M. the latter part of last week and are spending the spring vacation visiting parents and friends.

William Fischer Jr. will open a vulcanizing plant in the new building now nearly completed and located east of the Grayling Machinery Repair company garage. Mr. Fischer will install new machinery, the very latest inventions for doing this work and says he will be prepared to give good work and service. He just returned last week from the Firestone Tire and Rubber company plant at Akron, Ohio where he has been learning the latest and best tire vulcanizing and repairing systems and says that he will be ready for business next week.

A large American eagle caught in a muskrat trap was discovered by Dan Stephan on Monday of last week and is now in his possession. Its wings spread seven feet and is a fine specimen of these birds. It is believed that the eagle had lighted upon the ground for the purpose of catching a muskrat and that it had in some manner stepped upon the trap. Only one toe had been caught but this seemed to be sufficient to hold the bird, which in its floundering about was drowned in the water. Mr. Stephan says that an eagle had been seen around this place frequently during the past several years, and believes that this is the same one. The eagle is of a rich black and brown color, with a few spots of white.

The different class of the Grayling Gymnastic club gave an exhibition at the gymnasium last Friday evening under direction of instructor L. C. Bungard. The children's gymnastics consisted of singing, games, marching and jumping. The girl's class showed good training and all did nicely. Some extra fine work was done by Einar Rasmussen, Alfred Hanson and Axel Christanson, who have had gymnastics before, the latter having won several medals in Denmark. During the evening, Rev. V. S. Jensen gave an interesting lecture on the esoteric value of folk dances and folk games. The interest taken in the gymnasium and the value of athletic training to our young people cannot be over estimated. It means better health, better bodies and minds and tends to making better men and women. Already the influence of our gymnasium has made a wonderful improvement in our young people. Let the good work go on.

A very serious accident occurred at Mercy hospital last week Friday forenoon at about 10:30 o'clock, when a pair of floor wax, which was put over the stove in the hospital kitchen to melt, became ignited in some way. Miss Hazel Garrison, who was attending it, saw it flaming up and with presence of mind lifted the burning pail from the stove and set it on the floor, which is cement, and went out of doors. Jennie Parsons, who had charge of the tray room, noticed the flames and ran across the hall, to the kitchen and on doing so her skirts caught fire and she ran down the corridor to the stock room. Blankets were thrown around her flaming clothes and the fire soon extinguished. The young lady's burns were severe, but the patient was made as comfortable as possible. The shock, however, was too much for her and she passed away at four o'clock Saturday morning, death being due to paralysis of the heart. The burning wax caused the hospital to be filled with smoke and an alarm of fire was turned in. The flames were quickly extinguished and no damage occurred to the building, except a few smoked walls. Miss Parsons was a very quiet person and was loved by the nurses and sisters at Mercy hospital, all of whom are greatly grieved over the death of the young lady. Her mother, who is a widow and resides at Maple Forest, was called at the time of the accident and was with her until her death. The remains were taken to her home on Saturday afternoon and the funeral held Sunday afternoon from the home. The deceased was 17 years old and leaves, besides her mother, three older brothers and two younger sisters to mourn her loss.

Paint-Up and Clean-Up. Have pride in the town. Keep your surroundings neat and your house well painted. You'll improve the value of your property and make Grayling more prosperous. Phone 413. WALDEMAR JHNSON.

Of Interest to Women

Our Spring showing of late styles in Coats, Dresses, Waists and Skirts are here. Positively the largest and most complete line ever shown in this city.

Dainty afternoon and street dresses especially priced.

The very newest styles in voiles, crepes, gingham and percales \$1.50 to \$6.50.

Spring weight underwear for women and girls. Every possible style in one or two piece garments, in cotton, lisle and silk.

Special values in Ladies' Slip-on Raincoats. Anticipate April showers by getting one.

We offer exceptional values in Ladies Skirts. Wider skirts are now worn and we have the new styles at \$3.00 to \$10.00.

A great assortment of Waists that are strictly new. Tub silks and voiles, \$1.00 to \$3.50. A special lot to close at 49c.

Special Sale of Lace Curtains. House cleaning usually means some new curtains. Great values here at 50c and up the pair.

New Coats for women in the new styles and colors for spring, exceptional values for \$10, \$12 and \$15.

Just In—Two values in Children's Barefoot Sandals that are priced very low.



This is Styleplus Week!

The event is national as well as local. Every Styleplus Store from Maine to California is making a special display this week, just as we are.

We want every man in town to inspect a suit of

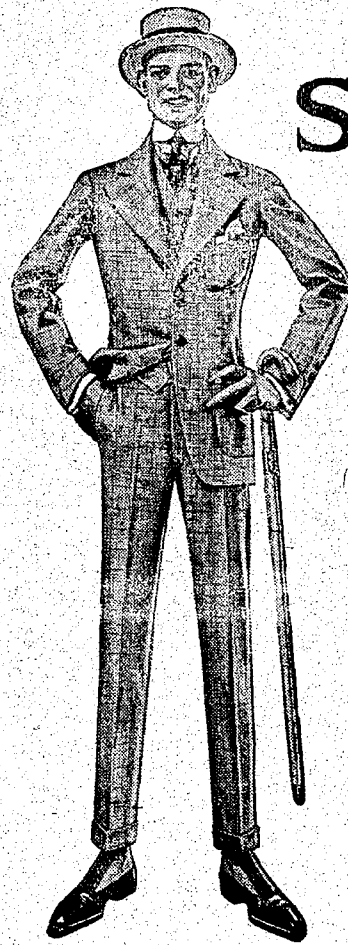
Styleplus \$17
Clothes

Better woollens, finer tailoring and the styling of a great designer for only \$17, because the makers specialize on this suit of one price everywhere.

Did you see the full page advertisement in the Saturday Evening Post? Styleplus is nationally famous.

We are exclusive headquarters. Drop in. You will not be urged to buy.

Grayling Mercantile Co.



Louie Joseph and Sam Collier returned from Portage lake late last night, with a nice catch of pike, the largest weighing 16 pounds.

The first grade of the schools has been removed to a more convenient place to do their work from Danebod hall to the G. A. R. hall. The first and second grades were together at the former building and it was confusing for both to go on with classes.

Francis Reagan has given up his position with the M. C. R. R. and accepted a position with the Ford Motor company, at Detroit, and has engaged to play saxophone on the crack Ford band. This is where his musical talent has obtained for him one of the coveted jobs with this firm, and he is indeed fortunate. We are sorry to have him leave Grayling, but congratulate him on his good fortune.

Persons owning chickens are requested to read a notice published by the village council relative to fowls running at large. Many complaints have been entered and it begins to look as tho there would be trouble in some neighborhoods unless chickens are kept properly confined.

T. Hubbard, wanted in Battle Creek for obtaining money under false pretenses, amounting to about \$600.00 was arrested here by Sheriff Cody last Friday and turned over to the Battle Creek authorities. Hubbard arrived here about a month ago and was employed at his profession of trained nurse, at Mercy hospital, at which place he was found by Sheriff Cody. Hubbard was reported to be a "pretty slippery duck" and our sheriff warned to be careful.

Subscribe for the Avalanche.

The different committees of the Junior class are making great preparations for their annual Junior hop, which will be held at the Temple theatre tomorrow, Friday evening, April 16th. They are working hard to make it one long to be remembered.

FOR SALE—Horse, harness, buggy and chicken park wire. Inquire at the County Infirmary. Phone 661. 4-15-2

No Matter How Big
The contract for painting and wall paper or no matter how small the job, it will receive our careful personal attention. There will be no delays and when finished you will be sure the work has been done right. Hundreds of satisfied customers is my best advertisement. Waldemar Jensen, Painting and Decorating. Phone 413.

Before you buy a camera see the Ansco. A. M. Lewis.

Card of Thanks.
We wish to extend our heartfelt thanks to Rev. James Thompson, L. A. Gardner, the members of the choir and all our friends for their sympathy and generous assistance in our sorrow at the death of our beloved daughter and sister.
MRS. DORA PARSONS AND FAMILY.

Splendid for Rheumatism.
"I think Chamberlain's Liniment is just splendid for rheumatism," writes Mrs. Dunburgh, Eldridge, N. Y. "It has been used by myself and other members of my family time and time again during the past six years and has always given the best of satisfaction." The quick relief from pain which Chamberlain's Liniment affords is alone worth many times the cost. Obtainable everywhere. Adv.

Table Safety

Among the features that make for the safety of things you serve from your table is that they be pure and are properly handled by your grocer.

We use the utmost care in handling our products, besides always trying to buy good goods, the quality of which cannot be questioned.

DeWaele & Son
GROCERS
The Home of Good Things to Eat

TAKE NOTICE, PLEASE

Carnations, per dozen, 60c

We want to make a true statement for the flower and plant-buyers, who are within easy reach of Grayling, that we are now able to serve you just as good as any city florist, both in prices and quality.

OUR BEDDING STOCK

is coming on finely. Let us book your order for spring use. Ask for prices.

Floral Designs a Specialty

Grayling Greenhouses

Greenhouses open from 6 a. m. to 6 p. m. Sundays and holidays to 9:30 a. m.

The ever-increasing and well-deserved patronage of our store is mainly due to the fact that we at all times sell standard quality pure groceries at lower prices than any other store in the city. Here again the spic and span cleanliness for which this store of ours is noted wins many friends. Thus day by day the volume of business increases, and the mere announcement of a special sale at our store is welcomed by hundreds of thrifty housewives—for it means even more money-saving than usual.

M. SIMPSON ESTATE
The Sanitary Store

BLACK IS WHITE

By GEORGE BARR McCUTCHEON

ILLUSTRATIONS BY RAY WALTERS.

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AND COMPANY

SYNOPSIS.

In the New York home of James Brood, a summer night with the moon and stars. "But how desolate it looks today, with the dead vines and the colorless stones!"

CHAPTER IV—Continued.

Lydia flinched, she knew not why. There was a sting to the words, despite the languidness with which they were uttered.

Risking more than she suspected, she said: "He never considers the cost of a thing, Mrs. Brood, if its beauty appeals to him." Mrs. Brood gave her a quizzical, half-puzzled look.

"You have only to look about you for the proof. This one room represents a fortune." The last was spoken hastily.

"How old are you, Miss Desmond?" The question came abruptly.

"I am nineteen."

"You were surprised to find me so young. Will it add to your surprise if I tell you that I am ten years older than you?"

"It doesn't seem credible."

"Are you wondering why I tell you my age?"

"Yes," said Lydia, bluntly.

"In order that you may realize that I am ten years wiser than you, and that you may not again make the mistake of underestimating my intelligence."

The color faded from Lydia's face. She grew cold from head to foot. Involuntarily she moved back a pace.

The next instant, to her unbounded surprise, Mrs. Brood's hands were outstretched in a gesture of appeal, and a quick, wistful smile took the place of the imperious stare.

"There! I am a nasty, horrid thing. Forgive me. Come! Don't be stubborn. Shake hands with me and say that you're sorry I said what I did."

It was a quaint way of putting it, and her voice was so genuinely appealing that Lydia, after a moment's hesitation, extended her hands. Mrs. Brood grasped them in hers and gripped them tightly.

"I think I should like to know that you are my friend, Lydia. Has it occurred to you that I am utterly without friends in this great city of yours? I have my husband, that is all."

The girl could no more withstand the electric charm of the woman than she could have fought off the sunshine. She was bewildered, and completely fascinated.

"It's—it's very good of you," she murmured, her own eyes softening as they looked into the deep, velvety ones that would not be denied. Even as she wondered whether she could ever really like this magnetic creature, she felt herself surrendering to the spell of her. "But perhaps you will not like me when you know me better."

"Perhaps," said Mrs. Brood, calmly, almost indifferently, and dismissed the subject. "What an amazing room! One can almost feel the presence of the giant that created it at the wish of the man with the enchanted lamp."

As a rule, oriental rooms are abominations, but this—ah, this is not an oriental room after all. It is a part of the East itself—the real East. A harem in emperors' houses out there, my dear, and I have slept in the palaces of kings. I have seen just such things as these, and I know that they could not have been transported to this room except by magic. My husband is a magician."

"These came from the palaces of kings, Mrs. Brood," said Lydia enthusiastically. "Kings in the days when kings were real. This rug—"

"I know," interrupted the other. "My husband told me the story. It must have cost him a fortune."

came to marry him, but—the other way round. It's the way with men past middle age."

Lydia hesitated before speaking. "Mr. Brood does not confide in Frederick. I am afraid they have but little in common. Oh, I shouldn't have said that!"

Mrs. Brood regarded her with narrowing eyes. "He doesn't confide in Frederick?" she repeated, in the form of a question. Her voice seemed lower than before.

"I'm sorry I spoke as I did, Mrs. Brood," said the girl, annoyed at herself.

"Is there a reason why he should dislike his son?" asked the other, regarding her fixedly.

"Of course not," cried poor Lydia. There was a moment of silence.

"Some day, Lydia, you will tell me about Mr. Brood's other wife."

"She died many years ago," said the girl, evasively.

"I know," said Mrs. Brood. "Still I should like to hear more of the woman he could not forget in all those years—until he met me."

She grew silent and preoccupied, a slight frown marking her forehead as she resumed her examination of the room and its contents.

Great lanterns hung suspended beside the shrine, but were now unlighted. On the table at which Brood professed to work stood a huge lamp with a lacelike screen of gold.

Under a soft, mellow glow oozed through the shade to create a circle of golden brilliance over a radiating effect. But, little beyond the edge of the table, yet reached to the benign countenance of Buddha close by.

Over all this fairylike splendor reigned the serene, melting influence of the god to whom James Brood was wont to confess himself. The spell of the golden image dominated everything.

In the midst of the magnificence moved the two women, one absurdly out of touch with her surroundings, yet a thing of beauty; the other blending intimately with the warm tones that enveloped her. She was lithe, sinuous with the grace of the most seductive of dancers. Her dark eyes reflected the mysteries of the Orient; her pale, smooth skin shone with the clearness of alabaster; the crimson in her lips was like the fresh stain

of blood; the very fragrance of her person seemed to steal out of the unknown. She was a part of the marvelous setting, a gem among gems.

She had attired herself in a dull Indian red afternoon gown of chiffon. The very fabric seemed to cling to her supple body with the sensuous joy of contact. Even Lydia, who watched her with appraising eyes, experienced a swift unaccountable desire to hold this intoxicating creature close to her own body.

There were two windows in the room, broad openings that ran from near the floor almost to the edge of the canopy. They were so heavily curtained that the light of day failed to penetrate to the interior of the apartment.

Mrs. Brood approached one of these windows. Drawing the curtain apart, she let in an ugly gray light, from the outside world.

She looked down into a sort of courtyard and garden that might have been transplanted from distant Arabi. Uttering an exclamation of wonder, she turned to Lydia.

"Is this New York or am I bewitched?"

"Mr. Brood transformed the old carriage yard into a—I think Mr. Dawes calls it a Persian garden. It is rather bleak in winter, Mrs. Brood, but in the summer it is really enchanting. See, across the court on the second floor, where the windows are lighted, those are your rooms. It is an enormous house, you'll find. Do you see the little balcony overlooking your windows, and the vines creeping up to it? You can't imagine how sweet it is of

riggings and funnels will appear to be offset horizontally from the lower part of the ship so long as the instrument is not set for the correct range. The images then are brought together by prism screw that moves one of the prisms, and this sets a scale that shows the distance in yards to the ship.

Eugene Field Loved Children. It was children whom Field loved best, and he would take all sorts of trouble to make a child happy. His

a summer night with the moon and stars."

"But how desolate it looks today, with the dead vines and the colorless stones!"

She dropped the curtains. The soft glow of the moon came back and she sighed with relief. "I hate things that are dead," she said.

At the sound of a soft tread and the gentle rustle of draperies, they turned. Ransaj, the Hindu, was crossing the room, toward the small door which gave entrance to his closet. He paused for an instant before the image of Buddha, but did not drop to his knees as all devout Buddhists do. Mrs. Brood's hand fell lightly upon Lydia's arm. The man turned toward them a second or two later. His dark, handsome face was hard set and emotionless as he bowed low to the new mistress of the house. The fingers closed tightly on Lydia's arm. Then he smiled upon the girl, a glad smile of devotion. His swarthy face was transfigured. A moment later he unlocked his door and passed into the other room. The key turned in the lock with a slight rasp.

"I do not like that man," said Mrs. Brood. Her voice was low and her eyes were fixed steadily on the closed door.

CHAPTER V.

Husband and Wife.

The ensuing fortnight brought the expected changes in the household. James Brood, to the surprise of not only himself but others, lapsed into a curious state of adolescence. His infatuation was complete. The once dominant influence of the man seemed to sink away from him as the passing days brought up the new problems of life. Where he had lived to command he now was content to serve. His friends, his son, his servants viewed the transformation with wonder, not to say apprehension.

It would not be true to say that the remarkable personality of the man had suffered. He was still the man of steel, but tempered. The rigid broadsword was made over into the fine flexible blade of Toledo. He could be bent but not broken.

It pleased him to submit to Yvonne's commands. Not that they were arduous or peremptory; on the contrary, they were suggestions in which his own comfort and pleasure appeared to be the inspiration. She was too wise to demand, too clever to resort to cajolery. She was a Latin. Diplomacy was hers as a birthright. Complaints, appeals, sulks would have gained nothing from James Brood. Nor would it have occurred to her to employ these methods. From the day she entered the house she was its mistress.

There were no false notions of sentiment to restrain or restrict her in the rearrangement of her household. She went about the matter calmly, sensibly, firmly; even the most prejudiced could not but feel the justice of her decisions. The serene way in which she both achieved and accepted conquest proved one thing above all others: She was born to rule.

To begin with, she miraculously transferred the sleeping quarters of Messrs. Dawes and Riggs from the second floor front to the third floor back without arousing the slightest sign of antagonism on the part of the crusty old gentlemen, who had occupied one of the choice rooms in the house with unintermitted security for a matter of nine or ten years. Mrs. Brood explained the situation to them so graciously, so convincingly, that they even assisted the servants in moving their heterogeneous belongings to the small, remote room on the third floor, and applauded her plan to make a large sitting-room of the chamber they were deserting. It did not occur to them for at least three days that they had been imposed upon, cheated, maltreated, insulted, and then it was too late. The decorators were in the big room on the second floor.

They had been betrayed by the wife of their bosom friend. Is it small cause for wonder, then, that the poor gentlemen as manfully turned back to the trunk and got gloriously, gallantly drunk in the middle of the afternoon and also in the middle of the library, where tea was to have been served to a few friends asked in to meet the bride?

The next morning a fresh edict was issued. It came from James Brood and it was so staggering that the poor gentlemen were loath to believe their ears. As a result of this new command, they began to speak of Mrs. Brood in the privacy of their own room as "that woman."

Of course it was entirely due to her mischievous, malevolent influence that a spineless husband put forth the order that they were to have nothing more to drink while they remained in his house. This command was modified to a slight extent later on. Brood felt sorry for the victims. He loved them and he knew that their pride was injured a great deal more than their appetite. In its modified form, the edict allowed them a small drink in the morning and another at bedtime, but Jones, the butler, held the key to the situation and the sideboard. And after that they looked upon Mrs. Brood as the common enemy of all three.

The case of Mrs. John Desmond was disposed of in a summary but tactful manner.

"If Mrs. Desmond is willing to remain, James, as housekeeper instead of friend, all well and good," said Mrs. Brood, discussing the matter in the seclusion of her boudoir. "I doubt, however, whether she can descend to that. You have spoiled her, my dear."

He flushed. "I trust you do not mean to imply that—"

"I should like to have Mrs. Desmond as my friend, not as my housekeeper," said his wife simply.

"By Jove, and that's just what I should like," he cried.

"There is but one way, you know," she said. "She must be one of the other, eh?"

"Precisely," she said with firmness. "In my country, James, the wives of best friends haven't the same moral standing that they appear to have in yours. Oh, don't scowl so! Shall I tell you that I do not mean to reflect on Mrs. Desmond's virtue—or discretion? Far from it. If she is to be my friend, she cannot be your housekeeper. That's the point. Has she any means of her own? Can she—"

"She has a small income, and an annuity which I took out for her soon after her poor husband's death. We were the closest of friends."

"I understand, James. You are very generous and very loyal. I quite understand. Losing her position here, then, will not be a hardship?"

"No," said he soberly.

"I am quite competent, James," she said brightly. "You will not miss her, I am sure."

"Are you laughing at me, darling?" She gave him one of her searching, unfathomable glances, and then smiled with roguish mirth.

"Isn't it your mission in life to amuse and entertain me?"

"I love you," he cried abruptly. His eyes burnt with sudden flame of passion as he bent over her. His face quivered; his whole being tingled with the fierce spasm of an uncontrollable desire to crush the warm, adorable body to his breast in the supreme ecstasy of possession.

She surrendered herself to his passionate embrace. A little later, she withdrew herself from his arms, her lips still quivering with the fierceness of his kisses. Her eyes, dark with wonder and perplexity, regarded his transfigured face for a long, tense moment.

"Is this love, James?" she whispered. "Is this the real, true love?"

"What else, in heaven's name, can it be?" he cried. He was sitting upon

the arm of her chair, looking down at the singularly pallid face.

"But should love have the power to frighten one?"

"Frighten, my darling?"

"Oh, it is not you who are frightened," she cried. "You are the man. But I—ah, I am only the woman."

He stared. "What an odd way to put it, dear." Then he drew back, struck by the curious gleam of mockery in her eyes.

"Was it like this twenty-five years ago?" he asked.

He managed to smile. "Are you jealous?"

"Tell me about her."

His face hardened. "Some other time, not now."

"You have never told me her name."

He faced her, his eyes as cold as steel. "I may as well tell you now, Yvonne, that her name is never mentioned in this house."

She seemed to shrink down farther in the chair.

"Why?" she asked, an insistent note in her voice.

"It isn't necessary to explain." He walked away from her to the window, and stood looking out over the bleak little courtyard. Neither spoke for many minutes, and yet he knew that her questioning gaze was upon him and that when he turned to her again she would ask still another question. He tried to think of something to say that would turn her away from this hated subject.

"Isn't it time for you to dress, dearest? The Gummings live pretty far up north and the going will be bad with Fifth avenue piled up with snow."

"Doesn't Frederick ever mention his mother's name?" came the question that he feared before it was uttered.

"I am not certain that he knows her name," said he levelly. The knuckles of his hands, clenched tightly behind his back, were white. "He has never heard me utter it."

She looked at him darkly. There was something in her eyes that caused him to shift his own steady gaze uncomfortably. He could not have explained what it was, but it gave him a curiously uneasy feeling, as of impending peril. It was not unlike the queer, inexplicable though definite

sensing of danger that more than once he had experienced in the silent, tranquil depths of great forests.

"I wonder what could have happened to make you so bitter toward her," she went on, still watching him through half closed eyes.

"Was she unfaithful to you?" Was—

"Good God, Yvonne!" he cried, an angry light jumping into his eyes—the eyes that so recently had been ablaze with love.

"We must never speak of—that again," he said, a queer note of hoarseness in his voice. "Never, do you understand?" He was very much shaken.

"Forgive me," she pleaded, stretching out her hand to him. "I am foolish, but I did not dream that I was being cruel or unkind. Perhaps, dear, it is because I am—jealous."

"There is no one—nothing to be jealous of," he said, passing a hand over his moist brow. Then he drew nearer and took her hand in his. He lounged again on the arm of her chair. She leaned back and sighed contentedly, the smile on her red lips growing sweeter with each breath that she took. He felt the blood warming once more in his veins.

For a long time they sat thus, looking into each other's eyes without speaking. He was trying to fathom the mystery that lurked at the bottom of those smiling wells; she, on the other hand, deluded herself with the idea that she was reading his innermost thoughts.

"I have been considering the advisability of sending Frederick abroad for a year or two," said he at last.

She started. She had been far from right in her reading. "Now? This winter?"

"Yes. He has never been abroad."

"Indeed? And he is half European, too. It seems—forgive me, James. Really, you know, I cannot always keep my thoughts from slipping out. You shouldn't expect it, dear."

"I suppose it is only natural that you should inquire," he said resignedly. "Of my servants," she added pointedly.

He flushed slightly. "I dare say I deserve the rebuke. It will not be necessary to pursue that line of inquiry, however. I shall tell you the story myself some day. Yvonne, will you not bear with me?"

She met the earnest appeal in his eyes with a slight frown of annoyance. "Who is to tell me the wife's side of the story?"

The question was like a blow to him. He stared at her as if he had not heard aright. Before he could speak, she went on coolly:

"I dare say there are two sides to it, James. It's usually the case."

He winced. "There is but one side to this one," he said, a harsh note in his voice.

"That is why I began my inquiries with Mrs. Desmond," she said enigmatically. "But I shan't pursue them any farther. You love me; that is all I care to know—or that I require."

"I do love you," he said, almost imploringly.

She stroked his gaunt cheek. "Then we may let the other woman—go hang, eh?"

He felt the cold sweat start on his brow. Her callous remark slashed his finer sensibilities like the thrust of a dagger. He tried to laugh, but only succeeded in producing a painful grimace.

"And now," she went on, as if the matter were fully disposed of, "we will discuss something tangible, eh? Frederick."

"Yes," said he, rather dazedly.

"I am very, very fond of your son, James," she said. "How proud you must be to have such a son."

He eyed her narrowly. How much of the horrid story did she know? How much of it had John Desmond told to his wife?

"One can be lonely even in the heart of a throng," she said cryptically. "No, James, I will not have him sent away."

He was silent for a moment. "We will leave it to Frederick," he said.

Her face brightened. "That is all I ask. He will stay."

There was another pause. "You two have become very good friends, Yvonne."

"He is devoted to me."

She blew cigarette smoke in his face

and laughed. There was a knock at the door.

"Come in," she called.

Frederick entered.

CHAPTER VI.

The Spreading Glow. In a way, had been born to purple and fine linen. She had never known deprivation of any description. Neither money, position nor love had been denied her during the few years in which her charm and beauty had flashed across the great European capitals, penetrating even to the recesses of royal courts. It was doubtful if James Brood knew very much concerning her family when he proposed marriage to her, but it is certain that he did not care. He first saw her at the home of a British nobleman, but did not meet her. Something in the vivid, brilliant face of the woman made a deep and lasting impression on him. There was an instant when their eyes met through an opening in the throng which separated them. He was not only conscious of the fact that she was staring at her, but that she was looking at him in a curiously penetrating way. There was a mocking smile on her lips at the time. He saw it fade away, even as the crowd came between. He knew that the smile had not been intended for him, but for some of the eager cavaliers who surrounded her, and yet there was something singularly direct in the look she gave him.

That single glance in the duke's house proved to be a fateful one for both. They were married inside of a month. The virile, confident American had conquered where countless supplants of a more or less noble character had gone down to defeat.

He asked but one question of her, she asked none of him. The fact that she was the intimate friend and associate of the woman in whose home he met her, was sufficient proof of her standing in society, although that would have counted for little so far as Brood was concerned.

She was the daughter of a baron; she had spent much of her life in Paris, coming from St. Petersburg when a young girl; and she was an orphan with an independent fortune of her own. Such common details as these came to Brood in the natural way and were not derived from any effort on his part to secure information concerning Mademoiselle Lestrange.

Like the burnt child, he asked a question which harked back to an forgotten pain.

"Have you ever loved a man deeply, devotedly, Yvonne—so deeply that there is pain in the thought of him?"

She replied without hesitation. "There is no such man, James. You may be sure of that."

"I am confident that I can hold your love against the future, but no man is loved doesn't really die, you know. If a man cannot hold a woman's love against all newcomers, he deserves to lose it. It doesn't follow, however, that he can protect himself against the man who appears out of the past and claims his own."

"You speak as though the past had played you an evil trick," she said.

He did not mince words. "Years ago a man came out of the past and took from me the woman I loved and cherished."

"Your—your wife?" she asked in a voice suddenly lowered.

"Yes," he said quietly.

She was silent for a long time. "I wonder at your courage in taking the risk again," she said.

"I think I wonder at it myself," said he. "No, I am not afraid," he went on, as if convincing himself that there was no risk. "I shall make you love me to the end, Yvonne. I am not afraid. But why do you not ask me for all the wretched story?"

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Getting Ready to Jump. Yeast—is he still on the water wagon?

Crimsonbeak—Well, he's not still on it; in fact, he's very restless.

DON'T VISIT THE CALIFORNIA EXPOSITIONS without a supply of Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder to be shaken into the shoes, or dissolved in the foot-bath. The Standard Remedy for the feet for 25 years. It gives instant relief to tired, aching feet, and prevents swollen feet. One lady writes: "I enjoyed every minute of my stay at the Exposition, thanks to Allen's Foot-Ease in my shoes." Get it TODAY. Adv.

its Case. "So Austria, they say, is going to fight Italy partly with the spread of cholera."

"Yes, their attitude seems to be, 'Plague take them!'"

Happy is the home where Red Cross Ball Blue is used. Sure to please. All grocers. Adv.

Patched Up. Friend—Whose make is your machine?

Autoist—The repairer's mostly.—Boston Evening Transcript.

WOMAN WOULD NOT GIVE UP

Though Sick and Suffering; At Last Found Help in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Richmond, Pa.—"When I started taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I was in a dreadfully rundown state of health, had internal troubles, and was so extremely nervous and prostrated that if I had given in to my feelings I would have been in bed. As it was I had hardly strength at times to be on my feet and what I did do was by a great effort. I could not sleep at night and of course felt very bad in the morning, and had a steady headache. I noticed that the headache was not so bad, I rested better, and my nerves were stronger. I continued its use until it made a new woman of me, and now I can hardly realize that I am able to do so much as I do. Whenever I know any woman in need of a good medicine I highly praise Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."—Mrs. FRANK CLARK, 3146 N. Tulip St., Richmond, Pa.

Women Have Been Telling Women for forty years how Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has restored their health when suffering with female ills. This accounts for the enormous demand for it from coast to coast. If you are troubled with any ailment peculiar to women why don't you try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound? It will pay you to do so. Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

Rheumatism For Young and Old

The acute agonizing pain of rheumatism is soothed at once by Sloan's Liniment. Do not rub—it penetrates to the sore spot, bringing a comfort not procurable until tried. Get a bottle today.

RHEUMATISM

"I highly recommend your Liniment as the best remedy for rheumatism I ever used. It has cured me of the most painful attacks of rheumatism, and I have been able to get on my feet and do my work. I have used it for many years and it has never failed me. I have used it for my husband and he has been cured of his rheumatism. I have used it for my children and they have been cured of their rheumatism. I have used it for my mother and she has been cured of her rheumatism. I have used it for my father and he has been cured of his rheumatism. I have used it for my sister and she has been cured of her rheumatism. I have used it for my brother and he has been cured of his rheumatism. I have used it for my aunt and she has been cured of her rheumatism. I have used it for my uncle and he has been cured of his rheumatism. I have used it for my cousin and she has been cured of her rheumatism. I have used it for my friend and he has been cured of his rheumatism. I have used it for my neighbor and she has been cured of her rheumatism. I have used it for my acquaintance and he has been cured of his rheumatism. I have used it for my stranger and she has been cured of her rheumatism. I have used it for my enemy and he has been cured of his rheumatism. I have used it for my foe and she has been cured of her rheumatism. I have used it for my enemy and he has been cured of his rheumatism. I have used it for my foe and she has been cured of her rheumatism. I have used it for my enemy and he has been cured of his rheumatism. I have used it for my foe and she has been cured of her rheumatism. I have used it for my enemy and he has been cured of his rheumatism. I have used it for my foe and

FLINT WOMAN'S STOMACH ILLS ENDED

Mrs. Beamer Is Delivered From Head-aches by Just a Few Doses.

Mrs. Guy A. Beamer of 1307 North Street, Flint, Mich., was for a long time a victim of stomach and digestive troubles. One of the serious effects was in bad headaches, which attacked her almost daily.

She took May's Wonderful Remedy, and then she wrote:

"I thank you very much for what your medicine has done for me. I never saw anything work such wonders as just the three bottles have. There was never a day in my life that I did not have my head tied up with a cloth and I have not had a headache since. I had been bothered by specialists, too, and received very little benefit."

May's Wonderful Remedy gives permanent results for stomach, liver and intestinal ailments. Eat as much and whatever you like. No more distress after eating, pressure of gas in the stomach and around the heart. Get one bottle of your druggist now and try it on an absolute guarantee—if not satisfactory money will be returned.—Adv.

Leaders Always Available.

Some Frenchmen noticed recently that the leaders of the music bands of the French artillery and engineering corps were not going to the front. He asked the reason why, and was informed that they were being held in reserve in order to fill vacancies occasioned by the killing or wounding of the music leaders in the infantry, all of whom have gone to the front.

CUTICURA SOAP BATHS

Followed by a Little Ointment for Baby's Tender Skin. Trial Free.

They afford infants and children great comfort, permit rest and sleep and point to speedy healing of eczema, rashes, itchings, chafings and other skin troubles. Nothing better at any price for the nursery and toilet.

Sample each free by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. X, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

Her Thought.

Patience—The witch tree of Nevada is so luminous that a person standing near it can read ordinary print easily. The tree itself can be seen for a mile on the darkest nights.

Patience—That, evidently, is no place for a hammock.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Williams*.

In Use For Over 30 Years. Children Cry for *Fletcher's Castoria*.

Busy Over Here.

Bacon—My neighbor thinks he could settle the fighting over in Europe.

Egbert—Why doesn't he go over there and do it?

"Oh, he's too busy trying to settle the fighting in his own home."

YOUR OWN DRUGGIST WILL TELL YOU. Write for Book of the Year. Write for Book of the Year. Write for Book of the Year.

A Mix-Up.

"I was afraid there would be some international complications in consequence of the stupid blunder our waiter made at our luncheon."

"What was it?"

"He served out the French sauce with German silver."

Have You a Bad Back?

Does your back ache night and day, making work a burden and rest impossible? Do you suffer stabbing, darting pains when stooping or lifting? Most bad backs are due to hidden trouble in the kidneys and if the kidney secretions are scant or too frequent of passage, proof of kidney trouble is complete. Delay may pave the way to serious kidney illness. For bad backs and weak kidneys, use Doan's Kidney Pills—recommended the world over.

A Michigan Case

Arthur F. Ruble, 223 N. Eleventh St., Lansing, Mich., says: "Often from a strain, cold or rheumatism my back got weak and painful. I used Doan's Kidney Pills for this trouble and they have always given me relief, regulating the action of my kidneys. I have had no serious kidney trouble during the past several years."

Get Doan's at Any Store, Use a Box. **DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS**. FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N.Y.

You Can't Cut Out

A BOG SPAIN, PUFF OR THOROUGHPIN, but

ABSORBINE

will clean them off permanently, and you work the same time. Does not blister or remove the hair. \$2.00 per bottle, delivered. Will tell you more if you write. Book 4 K free. **ABSORBINE, JR.**, Reduces Varicose Veins, Ruptured Mucous of Lymphatics, Enlarged Glands, Goiter, Wens, Cysts, Allays pain quickly. Price \$1.00 and \$2.00 a bottle at druggists or delivered. Manufactured only by W.F. YOUNG, P.O. Box 310 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.

DR. J. D. KELLOGG'S

ASTHMA

Remedy for the prompt relief of Asthma and Hay Fever. Ask Your Druggist for It. Write for FREE SAMPLE. **NORTHROP & LYMAN CO., LTD., BUFFALO, N.Y.**

CANCER

Therapy, Lapses cured without knife or pain, painless, quick, safe. Write for FREE SAMPLE. **DR. WILLIAM H. MONT**, 2221 Broadway, New York.

HEAR THE TRAMP OF SOLDIERS!

Hear bands play, or hear your favorite musician render their masterpiece, and it is possible when one owns a "Lester" talking machine which now being sold at \$10.00. The machine is guaranteed to give the results of any machine on the market at twice the price. Large and beautiful construction. Write for particulars.

The R. Lee Reese Co., 317 N. State St., Chicago, Ill.

SCANDINAVIAN NEWS

SUMMARY OF IMPORTANT HAPPENINGS IN FAR OFF NORTHWEST.

ITEMS FROM THE OLD HOME

Resume of the Most Important Events in Sweden, the Norway and Denmark—Of Interest to the Scandinavians in America.

SWEDEN.

Recent consular reports show the operation of the government-owned railways of Sweden to be a financial failure. Sweden owns 2,850 miles of steam railways. The total cost of these railways is \$168,043,846 and the capital increase during the year 1913 amounted to \$5,360,000. From operation the railways received from freight traffic \$15,168,800, and from passengers \$7,638,000. The running expenses amounted to \$16,857,200, leaving a balance of \$5,949,600. Socialists would call this a profit because they would ignore interest on the cost of the railways and the loss of taxes. As these government-owned railways of Sweden cost a total of \$168,043,846, the annual interest charge of four per cent would amount to \$6,721,753. The loss in taxes, based on the rate which the private-owned railways of this country pay, would amount to \$1,425,000, increasing the real running expenses to \$8,146,753. Subtracting the balance from operation at \$5,949,600, we have a total net loss of \$2,197,153 for the year 1913. The wages paid on those railways are only about one-half the rate paid in this country, and the freight rates are three times as high as in this country. Yet, with freight rates which average 2.23 cents per ton per mile, the net loss on less than 3,000 miles of government-owned railways amounted to \$2,197,153 in one year. Comparing freight rates on the railways of Sweden with the rates in this country under private ownership, we have a still further loss, indirectly, of more than \$10,000,000 annually.—Los Angeles Times.

The telegraph department will soon be ready to report on a proposition to make a thorough revision of the telephone rates. In the first place there will be a general raise. In the second place the rates will be adjusted according to the number of calls that are made through each instrument. For example, it is suggested that if 600 calls are made in a year the charge will be \$11 for 2,000 calls, \$16, and so forth. The maximum rates for phones placed in business houses may be put as high as \$25 or even more. The proposed change will bring the government an extra income of about \$500,000. The private companies will also have to pay a higher tax, so that the net increase of the receipts of the national government will be about \$750,000.

Eva Bonnier has offered to donate to the city of Stockholm a work of sculpture to be placed in a public park, and 58 sculptors have handed in competitive sketches.

The old man with the scythe reaped a rather rich harvest last winter, especially among old people. In some way or other the weather seems to have been extra hard on old people.

The Swedish steamer Goosebridge, with a cargo of iron ore, was brought into Sunderland by a British prize crew. The Goosebridge sailed from Santander, Spain, and its cargo is presumed to be destined for Germany.

The Patriotic society awarded its large silver medal for long and faithful service to four members of the same family at Mukkerud, Ramsater, namely, Petter, Britta-Lena, Stina and Katarina Persson.

Only three children are attending the public school at Lersadala, Varnamo parish. The school is located in a district which is very sparsely populated.

The sugar beet growers of Skane feel uneasy about getting the necessary help for next summer. In former years about 1,200 Galicians have spent the summer season in the beet fields of southern Sweden. Two hundred of them stayed during the winter, so that about 1,000 more will be needed this time. But the war makes it difficult, not to say impossible for Galician laborers to travel from Galicia to Sweden. Numerous letters from Galicia prove that the laborers are anxious to go to Sweden, and the beet growers have sent a representative to Galicia to see what can be done by way of giving them a chance to go to a place where they can make much more money than they can at home.

A number of temperance restaurants were opened in Stockholm a few weeks ago, but they offered a sorry sight. The customers all crowded to the restaurants where liquor is served. "Svanen" is the name of a restaurant which the temperance people furnished at great expense, but the business is so poor that it must either be closed or liquor must be served there.

The public school building at Skelleftea was destroyed by fire. It was a four-story brick building, which had been put up at a cost of about \$50,000.

As a farmer was driving past the public school of Nasso, the boys scared his horse by throwing snowballs at him. The driver was thrown against a tree and had his skull fractured. He was immediately taken to the hospital at Eksjo, but died on the way.

Eagles are much more numerous than usual in Skane. They are hard on the game, rabbits being their main victims. A few of the sovereigns of the air have been brought down by local hunters.

At the close of the year 1913 the savings banks of Sweden had 1,717,894 depositors, and the amount deposited was about \$258,000,000.

A sensational expropriation of Swedish property has been made by the authorities of Paris. Dr. von Kauffmann, who is best known in Sweden because he has succeeded in raising millions of kroner abroad for the development of the zinc and copper mines in Smaland, has had his personal property, which is valued at something like \$250,000, sequestered without receiving any explanation for this strange and high-handed procedure. The sequestration took place while he was on a trip to Stockholm. The only reasonable explanation is that Mr. Kauffmann was mistaken for a German on account of his German name. Besides, it is well known in Europe that the Swedish people sympathize with the Germans in the present war.

DENMARK.

The fortifications of Copenhagen are being extended to the west, in addition to the northern defenses. At a point about six miles along the railway to Kersor, extensive barbed-wire entanglements have been laid alongside the tracks and field artillery placed behind recently thrown-up earthworks. Trenches and bombproof shelters, too, have been prepared. All the railway stations are picketed by troops carrying fixed bayonets on their rifles day and night. Civilians are brusquely ordered away from the vicinity of signal boxes and wires. Though on the German side of the frontier an almost continuous line of entanglements stretches across from the Baltic to the North sea, the Danes have made no attempt to fortify their side. An official at Vandrup, the little frontier town of the train traffic between Germany and Denmark, declared that Danish troops were being kept away from the border line in view of the possibility that the strained relations between the frontier Danes and the German soldiery having dominion over the Danes of Schleswig-Holstein might lead to a fray. Every yard of the German side of the frontier is watched, and all carriages driving out of Germany are searched in which anyone might find concealment have to unload and let the guards examine the freight. Examination of passes permitting Danes on the Danish side to visit Danes on the German side is very searching.

A Danish lady who lives near the German boundary line wished to make a call on her mother who lives on the German side of the line. She took two of her children, who are two years and six months old, respectively, put them into a baby carriage and started off. When she came to the customs house at the boundary line she was told that she might cross but the children would not be allowed to pass unless each of them was furnished with a pass.

There are many German warships near Langeland. Sometimes the men come ashore to buy bread and other necessities. On one occasion an officer met an old woman who had a Danish newspaper in her hand. He promptly offered her \$2.50 for the copy, and she was almost beside herself with joy when he handed her the money. It is supposed that the officer was anxious to see what a non-German paper had to say about the war.

NORWAY.

The international wireless station at Jaderen, on which work has been in progress for three years past, will soon be finished. This will establish direct communications between the United States and Norway.

There is a striking lull in the steamship traffic past the southernmost point of Norway. Not long ago as many as fifty steamers would pass in the course of a day, now there is only a fraction of that number. The change is no doubt due to the German zone and the English blockade of Germany.

The commune of Ass, Solor, has bought the Skybak electric plant on the west side of the Filsen river and borrowed \$75,000 for the purpose of establishing a public electric plant on a large scale.

Moose, deer, black grouse and wood grouse shall not be killed for a period of five years in Stavanger amt, in the southwestern part of the country.

Some able men have started a movement for establishing a popular museum for Solor and the surrounding settlements.

The government has bought the steamer Bruse at a cost of \$189,000. The steamer is to be used for carrying coal from England for the state railways, which consume over 400 tons a day.

The third home for consumptives in South Bergenhus amt (county) has just been opened to the public at Valen, Søndhordland. It has an accommodation for 25 patients, and costs \$12,000. It is both heated and lighted by electricity.

The British navy is using a safety lamp invented by H. Brestol of Saterdalen. By a slight change of his name, the lamp was called the Bristol lamp. One charge will keep it going for ten hours, and it can be charged at least 600 times before it wears out.

A refrigerator steamer recently carried 3,000 barrels of small herring from Nordland to Stavanger, where all kinds of edible fish under the sun are turned into palatable fishballs and sent to the ends of the earth. This was the largest cargo of small herring ever carried that distance.

Christian Aas, managing director of the Norwegian railways, is dead as the result of injuries received in a fire in a hotel at Charlottenberg, on the Swedish frontier, where he was staying last night.

VETERAN OF THE RAIL

UTICA CLAIMS OLDEST MEMBER OF ORGANIZATION.

Charter Member of Order That Was Formed in 1893 Is M. J. Carroll—Now Has Retired From Active Service.

Utica's position as an important railroad center makes it especially fortunate in being able to number many of these skillful, daring drivers of the iron horse among its citizens. Utica division, No. 14, Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, is one of the most popular and progressive in the state and among its members are many who have made records that stand unsurpassed in the history of railroading in this country, says the Utica Globe. Added distinction is also due the Utica division in the fact that it claims to have the oldest member of the organization in the United States, Canada or Mexico. This veteran of the rails is M. J. Carroll of 312 South street. When division No. 14 was formed, September 14, 1893, Mr. Carroll was one of its charter



M. J. Carroll.

members and through all the years his interest in the welfare of the order has been second to none.

When in a reminiscent mood Mr. Carroll can tell stories of railroading that are a revelation to the engineers of modern days. He was born in Manhattan, Herkimer county, in 1837, and came of a family of railroad men, his father and his four brothers following that occupation. In 1852, when he was fifteen years old, he went to Little Falls and obtained employment as water boy for a gang of trackmen under William A. Everts, where he remained for one summer. The following year he worked on the section under his father, who was track boss at East Creek. Under the consolidation of divisions, in 1854, when he was seventeen years old, Mr. Carroll secured a position as fireman on a work train which covered the territory between Albany and Syracuse. The work was hard for a boy, but he went at it with a will and promotion soon came, when, after six months, he was called to Utica and given the position as fireman on a freight train running between this city and Syracuse. He was too good a fireman to remain long in that position and within a few months he was firing on a passenger train on the Syracuse division, with Isaac Vrooman as engineer.

By this time he was getting used to being promoted, so he was not surprised when, on September 1, 1857, he was given a position as freight engineer. He continued to hold this for nine years and was then advanced to passenger engineer and had a run from Utica to Syracuse, until the extension of the division to Albany. At this time double crews were put on passenger engines and Mr. Carroll was mated with M. Rickard and they ran passenger trains between Albany and Syracuse for 12 years. Mr. Rickard was then elected railroad commissioner and for the next five years Mr. Carroll had Anthony Myers as his running mate. At the expiration of that time the rule was adopted requiring engineers to undergo a physical examination, the men going in pairs to New York, as they could be spared. As a result Mr. Carroll was taken off the road and given a position as driver of an engine in the Utica yards, where he continued until he reached the age limit of seventy years, when he retired.

During all his railroad career Mr. Carroll had but one serious accident and that was at Verona, when his engine ran into a switch that had been blocked with ties, supposedly by persons desiring to wreck and rob the train. The engine was derailed and Mr. Carroll's brother, Charles B. Carroll, now a resident of John street, who was firing, was slightly injured.

Mr. Carroll has represented division No. 14, B. of L. E., at conventions at Atlanta, Ga., and at Chicago and for 26 years he had charge of the insurance of the local division and of the first assistant engineers. For many years he was secretary of his division and filled the office with honor to himself and to the organization. One of his choicest possessions is the badge of the order, which is in the form of a scroll, inclosing a locomotive, with a shield pendant, and bearing the following inscription: "Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers. Honorary Member, G. I. D."

Modern Term Misunderstood. "What became of that rascally young son of the Blowers?" "I understand he is to take a course of ethics in one of our modern penological institutions." "There! And I heard he had been sent to jail."—Baltimore American.

Packing Hints. In packing, handkerchiefs, underlinen and toilet articles should be effectively protected from possible contamination from boots and clothes. Boots should, if possible, be packed by themselves.

SHOULD PROTECT THE CARS

Buffalo Judge Criticizes Railroads For What He Considers Their Lax Methods.

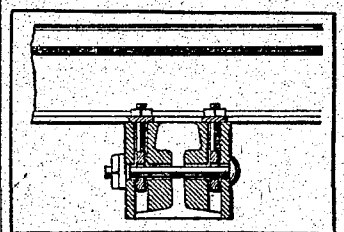
George E. Judge, judge of the juvenile court in Buffalo, contributes to the American City Magazine a paper on the unprotected condition of railroad yards as a contributory cause of juvenile delinquency. Thirty per cent of the boys appearing in this court last year were charged with offenses against railroad property. They were duly punished, but the judge wants to know why the railroad should not be punished also for allowing their yards to remain open with practically free access to a multitude of freight cars, thus placing temptation in the way of children. In Buffalo the railroads run through the poorer part of the city. There are 726 miles of railroad yard tracks. They are generally full of freight cars loaded with all sorts of merchandise. Cars of coal, and such things as flat cars haul, are open. The box cars are protected by a strip of tin an inch wide, which a child of eight years can break.

All are guarded by a few night watchmen. One hundred thousand Polish people live where these railroad yards are. They are mostly poor and all have large families (12 to 14). The father is generally a laborer, making two dollars a day. "Can you imagine," says the judge, "what such families would do to a car loaded with shoes standing just outside its back yard in winter?" What they do constitute 30 per cent of the cases in the judge's court. He demands that the railroads remove this potent cause of temptation which unprotected cars of freight produce. From coal to merchandise of all kinds the pilfering goes on and breeds criminals. The judge wants the railroads to fence their yards and thus do their part to remove temptation which it is not difficult to feel is unjust to poor people driven by hard necessity.

HOLDS TRACK RAILS IN PLACE

New Railroad Tie, It Is Believed, Will Be Eagerly Taken Up By Line Builders.

One of the principal objects of the inventor is to provide means adapted to be carried by a cross-tie, for securing the track rails in place on the tie. He provides rail fastening means adapted for use with lengths of worn-out rails whereby the latter may be utilized as cross ties. He also provides in combination with a rail length means for engaging the base flanges of the track rail, and means



Railroad Tie.

for adjusting the rail engaging means both longitudinally and vertically whereby to accommodate rails of various dimensions.—Scientific American.

Railroad Chief at Throttle. Because of the illness of the regular engineer on the Buffalo and Northern railroad, O. P. Byers of Hutchinson, president of the line, donned overalls, climbed into the cab, and took the regular train out of Pratt on time. He made the regular "run" today and this evening was the engineer on a special train.

A concert by the Indian Band at Pratt is the cause of an excursion from Byers, the new town at the end of the line, sixteen miles from Pratt. Seventy-five farmers and their wives went to hear that concert and they wanted to be back-home tonight.

Mr. Byers returned to the engineer's cab after a quarter of a century's absence. As he is the "white railroad," he gave his own orders, then climbed into the cab and performed the work. —Hutchinson (Kan.) Dispatch to Philadelphia Inquirer.

Kiln Car.

The car has a movable stake connected by links with a stake secured to the body of the car, one of the wheels being journaled to a lever fulcrumed to the car body, and this lever engaging a member at the bottom of the material on the body will serve to move the body down relatively to the lever, thereby moving the movable stake relatively to the stake secured to the body, for pressing the lumber against another stake. —Scientific American.

Must Consider Passengers.

The supreme court of Alabama decides in Louisville and Nashville Railroad company vs. Fuqua that a railroad company in selling a ticket for a particular train to a flag station is bound to take notice of the passenger's desire to stop there and is liable for carrying him past, although the conductor has not had time to reach him before the train arrives at the station, in the absence of a rule requiring the passenger to notify the conductor of his desire to stop.

Railroad Provides Oxygen.

The railroad connecting Chile and Bolivia, which crosses the Andes 14,105 feet above the sea level, provides oxygen chambers in which passengers can get relief from the rarefied air of the high altitude.

Should Love One's Work.

The craft which thou hast learned, love; therein find thy refreshment; and pass through the rest of thy life as having entrusted to the gods all thine own affairs with thy whole soul, and making thyself neither a tyrant nor a slave to any man.—Marcus Aurelius.

Would Surely Help.

According to a decision by a high court hogs can be muzzled. If this decision could be applied to hogs seen in swill restaurants it would help some.

LOW ROUND TRIP FARES TO CALIFORNIA'S EXPOSITIONS AND THE PACIFIC COAST

Low round trip fares are now in effect via the Scenic Highway of the Northern Pacific Ry. to California's Expositions via the North Pacific Coast. These tickets permit liberal stop-overs and enable the tourist to include both Expositions as well as a stop-over at Yellowstone National Park via Gardiner Gateway.

If you will advise when you will plan your western trip, I will be pleased to quote rates, send a copy of our handsome Expositions folder as well as Yellowstone National Park and travel literature, and assist you in any way possible in planning your 1915 vacation trip. A. M. Cleland, General Passenger Agent, 517 Northern Pacific Ry., St. Paul, Minnesota.—Adv.

Harness Work.

Bill—What's your friend's business? Jill—He's a harness-maker. "Well, here's something he may be able to succeed at. This paper says more than four hundred patents have been issued by the United States for devices intended to harness the power of sea waves."

Put your money in a boiler factory if you are looking for a sound investment.

FATIMAS PLEASE!



Good tobacco is what every smoker wants. The careful man makes sure he gets it by asking for Fatima Cigarettes. Fatimas are simply good tobacco blended to suit the greatest number of men.

Have you smoked a Fatima lately? *Light a New Fatima*



The reasons for Certain-teed Roofing

Every buyer needs the proper assurance, when he pays for the best quality, that a second or third quality will not be delivered. The market is flooded with too many brands. Some manufacturers with poor facilities too often meet competition by cutting quality. Some wholesalers buy any old quality, put their labels on it, and say it is the best. Our Certain-teed label is backed by the written guarantee of the world's largest manufacturer of asphalt roofings. It gives each buyer the assurance wanted, and our unequalled facilities for manufacturing enable us to sell it at a very reasonable price.

These are the reasons for Certain-teed Roofing

We invite every one interested to come to our mills and see how we make the goods. We know that our Certain-teed Roofing is the best quality that we can make. It's the best quality that can be made to last and remain waterproof on the roof. It is made with that one purpose in view. We also make cheap grade, poor quality roofings to meet the demand for very temporary roofs, but the Certain-teed label is only on our best quality, longest life product. It is the grade which carries our Company name and endorsement and guarantee—1-ply 5 years, 2-ply 10 years, 3-ply 15 years.

If you want the right quality and want to be sure you are getting what you pay for, insist on the Certain-teed label. The price is reasonable. No one can tell the quality of a piece of roofing by looking at it. The man is not living who can take three kinds of roofing of different grades and tell with any degree of accuracy the length of time each one will last on the roof. He cannot tell their relative values by looking at them. Why take the chance of guessing, when you can get the safest guarantee on the best quality goods at a reasonable price.

If for any reason you do not care for the highest quality—if you want a temporary roof, we also make goods sold at the lowest price on the market, because we have unequalled facilities and are making approximately a third of the entire asphalt roofing and building papers of the world's supply. Our facilities enable us to beat oil competition on price goods as well as on Certain-teed quality. The difference between the total cost of the goods, the freight, the laying etc., between quality goods and price goods is insignificant. It is much better policy to cut out the guessing and let the manufacturer take responsibility for his goods on all the vital points. He knows what he puts into what he sells and what they will do—you can then insist upon getting everything as represented.

General Roofing Mfg. Co.

World's largest manufacturers of Roofing

New York City Boston Chicago Pittsburgh Philadelphia Atlanta Cleveland Detroit St. Louis Cincinnati Kansas City Minneapolis St. Paul Seattle London Hamburg Sydney

Canadian Wheat to Feed the World

The war's fearful devastation of European crops has caused an unusual demand for grain from the American Continent. The people of the world must be fed and there is an unusual demand for Canadian wheat. Canada's invitation to every industrious American is therefore especially attractive. She wants farmers to make money and happy, prosperous homes for themselves while helping her to raise immense wheat crops.

You can get a Homestead of 160 acres FREE and other lands can be bought at remarkably low prices. Think of the money you can make with wheat at its present high prices, where for some time it is liable to continue. During many years Canadian wheatfields have averaged 20 bushels to the acre—many yields as high as 45 bushels to the acre. Wonderful crops also of Oats, Barley and Flax.

Mixed farming is fully as profitable an industry as grain raising. The excellent grasses, full of nutrients, are the only food required either for beef or dairy purposes. Good schools, markets convenient, climate excellent. Military service is not compulsory in Canada, but there is an extra demand for farm labor to replace the many young men who have volunteered for the war. The Government this year is urging farmers to put extra acreage into grain.

Write for literature and particulars as to reduced railway rates to Superintendent Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or

M. V. Molnau, 176 Jackson Ave., Detroit, Mich. Canadian Government Agent

Good for Hurling.

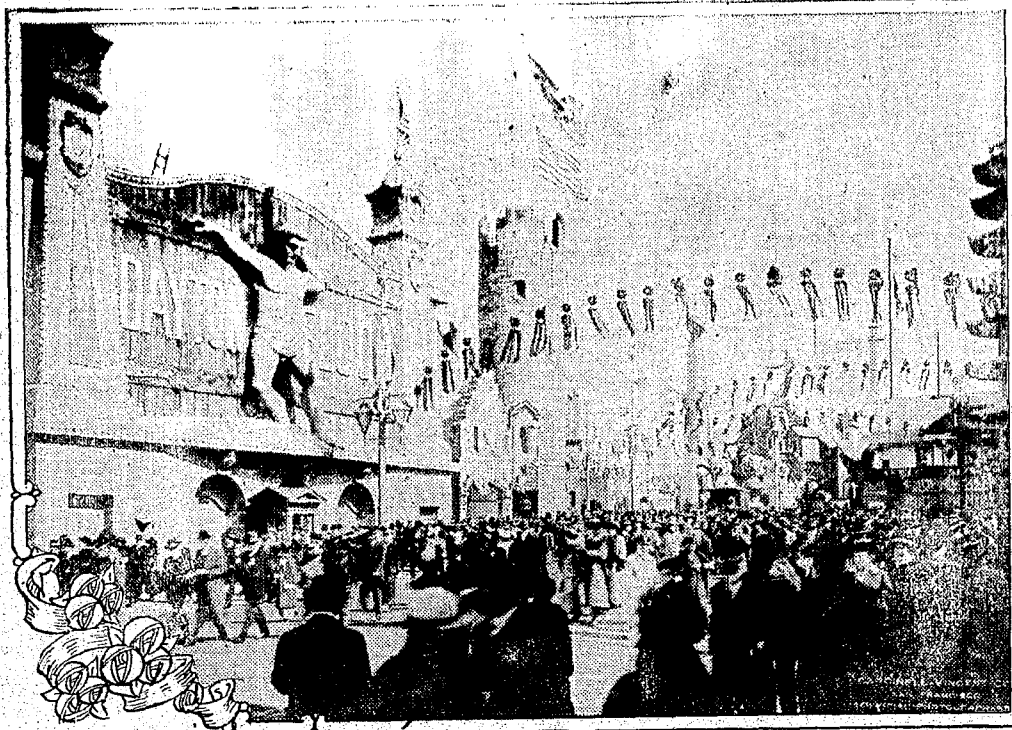
"Here's somebody says the belligerents are getting short of ammunition." "Then why don't they load their guns and cannon with some of the names they have over there?"

MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET

POWDERS FOR CHILDREN. Relieve Feverishness, Constipation, Colds and correct disorders of the stomach and bowels. Used by Mothers for 20 years. At all Drug Stores 25c. Sample mailed FREE. Address A. C. Clement, 201 N. W. 11th St., Minneapolis, Minn.

You Should Worry If

Crowds on the Fun Zone at the Panama-Pacific International Exposition



VAST crowds through The Zone, the amusement and concessions section of the Panama-Pacific International Exposition at San Francisco. The Dayton Flood is shown on the left, the Chinese Village and Toyland Grown Up on the right. The Exposition is breaking all world's attendance records.

SAVE THE WAR PICTURES.

Getting a Collection of Splendid Views of Historical Interest Is an Easy Matter.

What kind of a pictorial record of the greatest of all wars are you going to keep for future reference? London Lloyd's, the famous insurance agents, are now betting three to one that it will end by December of this year, and already those who like to have records for future reference for themselves and their children are preparing scrap-books of many kinds.

Pictures, after all, are the best of records. The eye can take them in at a single glance, and the explanatory lines beneath are usually so brief that

one does not have to do a lot of tire-some reading to refresh the memory. Take the war pictures in the illustrated section of The Sunday News Tribune for instance. For some time past four full pages of war pictures have appeared each Sunday, and many more interesting ones will be printed in The Sunday News Tribune between now and the end of the greatest of modern catastrophes.

In the issue of Sunday, April 11, were some very interesting views. There was a splendid picture of the French battleship, Bouvet, which was sunk during an attack on the Dardanelles forts, and a general view of the ancient city of Smyrna, which has been under bombardment by the al-

lied fleet. There was also a view of the Golden Horn at Constantinople, which it is predicted will soon be in the hands of the Allies.

In years to come those who keep these pictures now appearing in the illustrated section of The Sunday News Tribune will have a most valuable souvenir of the war. Each section contains about 24 pictures, in colors, so in the course of a few months a collection of rare value is compiled.

Do Not Grip
We have a pleasant laxative that will do just what you want it to do.
Fexall Orderlies
We sell thousands of them and we have never seen a better remedy for the bowels. Sold only by us, 10 cents.
A. M. Lewis & Co.

NOTES FROM THE LEGISLATURE

By H. H. WHITELEY

The Senate Friday passed the bill giving the railroads an increased passenger fare based on a sliding scale of earnings per mile as told in these columns two weeks ago. An amendment was added granting all the upper peninsula roads an increase to three cents per mile. The only roads in the lower peninsula which will benefit by the bill are the Pere Marquette and Ann Arbor. In fact the admitted purpose of the bill is to grant the Pere Marquette some such needed relief.

While the roads are granted an apparent increase to two and one half cents per mile, the real increase will be considerably less, because of the fact that when these roads compete with the two cent roads the lower rate will necessarily govern. The vote in the Senate was overwhelmingly in favor of the bill, only six voting against it and twenty-four in favor. The fight is now up to the house and by the time these notes are printed, will undoubtedly be settled. Today sentiment appears nearly equally divided.

Viewed in the light of Monday's election the subject of state wide prohibition has become a paramount issue. The unquestioned sentiment of the people, judged by their votes Monday, seems to indicate that they want to vote on this question and there now appears no doubt that the bill providing for the submission of the question to the people will pass the legislature at an early date.

The state affairs committee has killed the bill providing for the Torrens system of land transfers.

The first conference committee of the session has resulted over the Senate's refusal to concur in a house amendment to Senator Damon's bill to prohibit the sale of liquor in lumber camps. A conference committee is also in prospect on the appropriation bill for the college of mines, the two houses not being able to agree.

A conference committee is demanded when either the house or senate amends a bill originating in the other branch and that branch refuses to accept the amendment. Three representatives and three senators are appointed who try to iron out the difficulty.

Representative Ross' bill to transfer the pure food department to the Agricultural college has been withdrawn and Jim Helme breathes easier. The bill had considerable merit, but was withdrawn largely because there was a fear that people might think it was being pushed for political reasons. Rep. Rose and Commissioner Helme compromised on a substitute bill which provides that the testing of commercial fertilizers be done by the college.

The House took a recess Wednesday afternoon, out of respect to the members of the 1905 all-Republican legislature, which was celebrating its tenth anniversary. Members of the present legislature vacated their seats so that the former members might occupy their old-time stations, and the body of a decade ago was called to order by its speaker, Sheridan F. Masters. Clerk of the House, Charles Pierce, who was clerk then, called the roll and reported a quorum. Former speakers, Gerritt J. Diekema, Nicholas Wheelan, S. F. Masters and Congressman Mapes, were heard in short addresses. A similar program was observed in the Senate. But two of the present house members belonged to the 1905 house, Representatives James D. Jerome of Detroit and William Nank of Mt. Clemens.

The House made a record Wednesday afternoon, considering 58 bills in committee of the whole. A dozen amendments to the constitution proposing to extend the terms of all state officers from two to four years, were decisively defeated.

The House also defeated a proposed amendment to the constitution providing that boards of supervisors might be abolished and a commission substituted.

In the twenty-third judicial circuit, comprising the counties of Alcona, Iosco and Oscoda there is a vacancy owing to the death of Judge Connine. When it came to selecting a successor Gov. Ferris found there was not a single Democrat in the district eligible to the office, although there are ten republican lawyers, any one of whom is competent. He set the Attorney General to digging up the law to discover whether he might go outside the district and appoint a non-resident. The Attorney General discovered a precedent for the governor and it is not unlikely that in order to satisfy partisan politicians a Bay City Democrat will be appointed to the circuit judgeship of this circuit.

The automobile tax bill which passed the House, is being held up in the senate general taxation committee. It is understood that two members of the committee are favorable while three are against it. Senator Kelley, chairman of the committee is very much in favor of the bill and may make a motion to have the bill taken from the committee and placed before the senate. The passage of this bill means a lot in dollars and cents to the counties of the northern part of the State.

Subscribe for the Avalanche.

Council Proceedings.

(Continued from first page.)

along this line I beg the support of our fellow citizens. We have ordinances and wish that you gentlemen will assist us and see that same are complied with. Roller skating, bicycle riding and express wagons of all sizes are prohibited, on the principle streets, and ball playing also, as it is a nuisance and dangerous to the public passing, as well as it is apt to scare horses, etc. The sheriff has promised us his support and I shall request the village marshal and street commissioner to that effect.

Yours very truly,

H. PETERSEN,
Village President.

Gentlemen of the Council:
Before making my appointments, I wish to state that for village marshal we have three applications and as I do not feel justified in making any appointments without your sanction, I would therefore suggest that the council decide by ballot, the candidate receiving the most votes being the nominee. The candidates are M. Brenner, J. Bobenmoyer and Burt Chappell. Mr. Brenner receiving the majority of the votes, the following appointments were made:

M. Brenner, village marshal.
Julius Nielsen, street commissioner.
Chas. Fehr, fire chief and warden.
A. L. Pond, care of fire alarms.
John S. Harrington, health officer.
The following committees were appointed:
Finance, claims and accounts—Jorgenson, Taylor and Canfield.
Streets, sidewalks, bridges and sewers—Herrick, Cook and McCullough.
Waterworks, lighting and fire department—Canfield, Herrick and Taylor.

Printing and licenses—Cook, Canfield and Jorgenson.

Health and public safety—McCullough, Herrick and Jorgenson.

Ordinances—Taylor, Canfield and Herrick.

Salaries—Jorgenson, McCullough and Cook.

Industrial—Herrick, McCullough and Jorgenson.

Moved by Jorgenson and supported by Taylor that the appointments be confirmed. Motion carried. Moved by McCullough and supported by Canfield that Mr. Taylor be appointed president pro tem for the ensuing year. Motion carried.

Moved by Jorgenson and supported by Canfield that we adjourn. Motion carried.

T. P. PETERSON,
Village Clerk.

SPECIAL MEETING.

A special meeting of the Common Council of the village of Grayling convened at H. Petersen's grocery store Monday evening, April 12th, 1915. Meeting called to order by H. Petersen president. All trustees present.

Report of committee on licenses read, to wit:

To the president and Common Council: Your committee on licenses respectfully report that we have examined the applications and bonds of the following named persons:

Christopher Hanson, William Fischer, Jos. C. Burton, John Benson, James C. Foreman and John Larson, retail liquor dealers and A. C. Olson and A. M. Lewis, druggists.

We recommend that the applications be accepted and the bonds with the sureties therein named be approved.

JOHN H. COOK,
C. A. CANFIELD,
W. JORGENSEN,
Committee.

Moved by McCullough and supported by Herrick that the license committee's report be accepted. Motion carried.

Moved by Jorgenson and supported by McCullough that we adjourn. Motion carried.

T. P. PETERSON,
Village Clerk.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that Contain Mercury.

As mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonial free.

Sold by druggists. Price 75c per bottle.

Take Hall's Family pills for constipation.

Sale of State Tax Lands.

STATE OF MICHIGAN

AUDITOR GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT,
Lansing, April 1, 1915.

NOTICE is hereby given that certain lands situated in the county of Crawford, bid off to the State for taxes of 1911 and previous years, and described in statements which will be forwarded to the office of the Treasurer of said County, and may be seen at said office previous to the day of sale, will be sold at public auction by said Treasurer at the County Seat on the first Tuesday of May next, at the time and place designated for the Annual Tax Sale, if not previously redeemed or cancelled according to law. Said statements contain a full description of each parcel of said lands.

ORANIEL B. FULLER,
Auditor General.

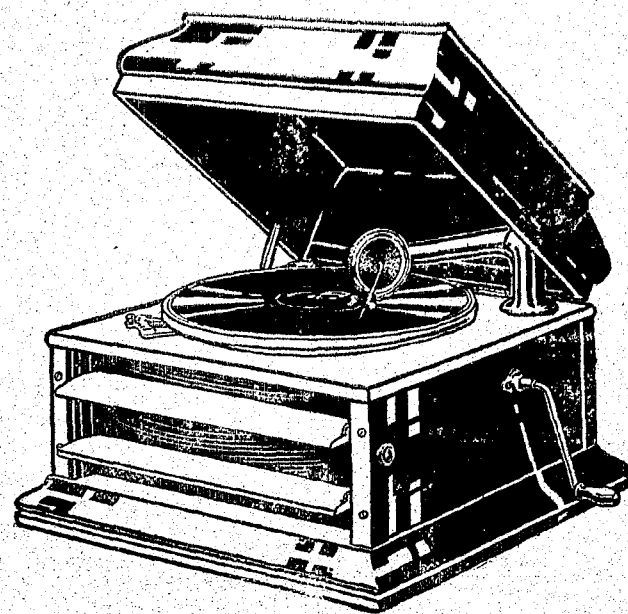
What Is the Best Remedy For Constipation?

This is a question asked us many times each day. The answer is

Fexall Orderlies

We guarantee them to be satisfactory to you. Sold only by us, 10 cents.

A. M. Lewis & Co.



If You Feel Like Dancing

If you are all ready to move back the furniture for whisking feet to do the Fox-Trot, the One-Step, the Hesitation or the Maxixe—you need Columbia dance records by all means.

COLUMBIA DANCE RECORDS

are supreme in this class of music—ideal aike for those who dance from the sheer joy of dancing and for the instructor. New Fox-Trot and One-Step Records just received. Shall we send them to your home, or will you call? Either way suits us.

APRIL SONG HITS

We have the following new song hits on sale here:

- | | |
|---|--|
| "At the Mississippi Cabaret" | "Polka Populaire" |
| "Roaming Around" | "Oh, My" |
| "He Comes Up Smiling" | "Sugar Lump" |
| "Cows May Come, Cows May Go, But Bulls Go On Forever" | "By Heck" |
| "There's a Little Spark of Love Still Burning" | "Suzi" |
| "Somebody Knows" | "A Perfect Day" |
| "She Used To Be the Slowest Girl in Town" | "Whispering Love" |
| "Wrap Me in a Bundle" | "Somewhere a Voice is Calling" |
| "When My Ship Comes In" | "Nancy Lee" |
| "What'll You Do?" | "The Drummer Boy" |
| "Come Over to Dover" | "How Can I Leave Thee?" |
| "San Francisco" | "Ye Banks and Braes of Bonnie Doon" |
| "I Didn't Raise My Boy to be a Soldier" | "Tangled Tunes" Part I |
| "When You're a Long, Long Way From Home" | "Tangled Tunes" Part II |
| "Back to the Carolina You Love" | "Where Does Daddy Go When He Goes Out?" |
| | "When Father Papered the Parlor" |
| | "March, Paughaballagh" |
| | "Rakes of Mallow and Wearin' O' the Green" |



OLAF SORENSON & SONS

Grayling, Michigan



Enamels are Easy to Apply

Have you a certain room in your house that looks just a bit dingy, or an old dresser or chair or table that would look more cheerful and inviting if it were given a dainty new finish of genuine enamel?

There are dozens of home painting jobs that you can do with little time or expense by using

ACME QUALITY ENAMELS

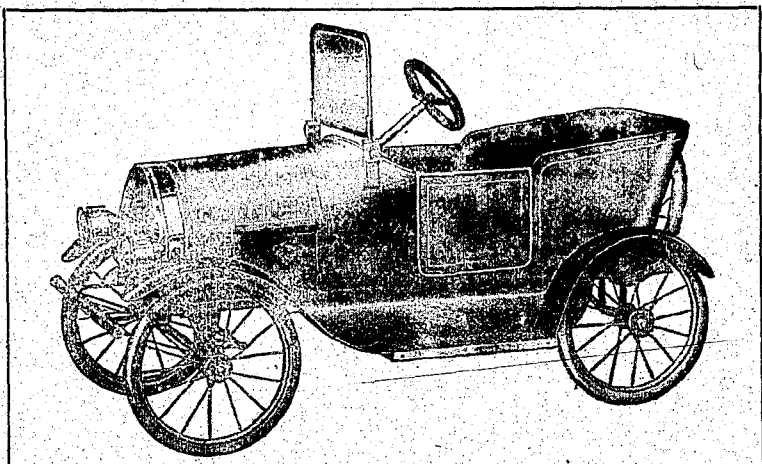
Enamels cost but little more than ordinary paints and are easy to apply. They form smooth, hard surfaces that can be cleaned with a damp cloth almost as easily as porcelain.

ASK AT OUR STORE FOR SAMPLES OF COLORS

A. KRAUS Est.

Boys and Girls Juvenile Auto Contest

This dandy Auto given away by the MODEL BAKERY, Grayling, Mich.



Just Right for Boys and Girls

If the children want it Save the Labels for them

Contest now on, ending May 29, at 4 o'clock p. m., when Auto will be given away at the Model Bakery

HOW TO GET THIS AUTO

Save the Labels off of Model and Home Made Bread. The one getting the most votes will get the Auto. Have all your friends and neighbors save the labels and coupons for you. The labels and coupons are votes. Each Monday the names will be published with number of votes credited to each contestant, in the window where the Auto is displayed.

MODEL BAKERY AND GROCERY

ROOT SEEDS

Postage Paid in Michigan
This offer good to May 1, 1915

Mangel Wurzel, all varieties, 1 lb. 25c; 5 lbs. \$1.10.

Carrots, Danvers Half Long, Chantenay and Ox Heart, 1-4 lb. 17c; 1-2 lb. 27c; 1 lb. 50c; 5 lbs. \$2.25.

Carrots, White Belgian, for stock, 1-4 lb. 15c; 1-2 lb. 22c; 1 lb. 33c; 5 lbs. \$1.55.

Ruta Bagas and Turnips, all varie-

ties, 1-4 lb. 14c; 1-2 lb. 20c; 1 lb. 30c; 5 lbs. \$1.35.

Parsnip, 1-4 lb. 15c; 1-2 lb. 25c; 1 lb. 40c.

Genuine Stowell's Evergreen Sweet Corn, the great dry weather feed for milch cows, (freight not paid) 1-4 bu. 75c; 1-2 bu. \$1.35; 1 bu. \$2.25; 2 1-2 bu. bag \$5.40.

CASH WITH ORDER

EDW. E. EVANS,

Lock Box, 422
WEST BRANCH, MICH.

The Crawford Avalanche

Crawford County's Home Paper

Our advertisements bring results